



1954

STARKE-AYRES

NURSERY CATALOGUE

TERMS OF BUSINESS

PRICES

The prices herein are for well grown plants and are quoted without engagement, subject to crop and/or being unsold on receipt of order. All previous prices for goods quoted herein are hereby cancelled.

PACKING

We charge packing at cost. Our packing is adequate protection for the rail or post journey, as the case may be, but we cannot be held responsible for damage in transit or through delays on the journey.

SUBSTITUTIONS

When we are unable to supply the exact variety ordered we use our best judgment in substituting other varieties. These varieties are sent for your approval, and, while we feel sure that you will agree to what we have done with a desire to serve your best interests, you are at liberty to send back any such goods and we will credit you with their value.

ORDERS

All orders should be addressed to Head Office, 13-17 Main Road, Mowbray. When ordering please state clearly your name and address and, if the plants are to be sent by rail, your Railway Station.

NORTHERN RHODESIA AND NYASALAND

Customers in these countries require import permits to allow the entry of plants. To avoid delay and correspondence kindly state the number of your import permit when ordering.

WHEN THE PLANTS ARRIVE

Should the plants arrive in a dry condition it is essential that they should be soaked and allowed to stand for some time before attempting to remove them from the tins. The ground should have been prepared in advance, a liberal supply of manure having been added to the soil. The holes must be dug deep enough to receive the plant in its normal position.

When planting trees commence by filling in a little soil so as to form a mound in the centre of the hole, on which to stand the tree at its right position. Tramp the soil down with the foot working it well and firmly among the roots. *Loose planting is disastrous.*

When planting climbers do not remove them from the tin. Cut out the bottom of the tin only and plant with the rest in place so as not to disturb the roots.

CORRESPONDENCE

Correspondence will be dealt with in English or Afrikaans according to customer's wish.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

We give no guarantee expressed or implied (and none of our representatives is authorised to vary this condition in any way) as to description, quality or productiveness or as to any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we sell, and we are not in any way responsible for them or in respect of the crop or failure of the crop. All quotations are given and orders accepted only on the understanding that these conditions are agreed to.

C. STARKE & CO., LTD.

Telegrams:
"Seedstarke"

STARKE-AYRES

Phone:
6-1101

(Proprietors: C. Starke & Co., Ltd.)

SEEDSMEN

NURSERYMEN

FLORISTS

Directors: C. Starke (Chairman), A. C. Starke (General Manager), H. C. Starke, J. A. Tregidga, C. J. Lerm,
D. S. M. Macdonald

Secretary: F. Wethmar

13-17, MAIN ROAD, MOWBRAY, C.P.

Branch,

332, Church Street,
Pretoria, Tvl.

Branch,

18-20, Long Street,
Cape Town

Branch,

20c, Durban Road,
Bellville, C.P.

NURSERY SERVICE: Durban Road, Mowbray, Cape. (Opposite Liesbeek Canal Bridge.)

Issued May 1954

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS AND TREES

Abbreviations. The letter "D" immediately after the *name* of the plant indicates "Deciduous", i.e., those that lose their leaves in winter; all other plants are "Evergreen". The letter "T" before the name indicates that the plant is "Tender to Hard Frost", i.e., it should only be planted in areas where no frost or only mild frost is experienced. The heights, where given, are only to serve as a rough guide as they are varied greatly by climate, soil and treatment.

PRICES

Prices quoted are for exceptionally well grown plants. established in tins, except where otherwise stated. Larger specimens of most varieties are usually available, and we will gladly quote for these if you will kindly state your requirements.

		Prices from
	ABELIA	
	<i>chinensis</i> . 6 ft. Glossy bronze foliage, tubular flowers, white to pink.	4/6
T	ABUTILON	
	<i>hybridum</i> . (Chinese Lantern). 6 ft. Pendulous bell-like flowers, yellow or pink.	4/6
	<i>Thompsonii</i> . Mottled yellow and green leaves, orange flowers.	4/6
T	ACALYPHA	
	<i>tricolor</i> . 4 ft. Handsome foliage plant with large leaves blotched copper and crimson.	5/6
	<i>Wilkesiana marginata</i> . Bronze leaves margined white.	5/6
	ACOKANTHERA	
	<i>spectabilis</i> (Winter Sweet). 6 ft. Clusters of pink fragrant flowers in Winter followed by purple fruits.	5/6
T	ADHATODA	
	<i>Duvernoia</i> (Pistol Bush). 8-10 ft. Handsome evergreen with erect clusters of white, red-veined flowers.	5/6
T	ALLAMANDA	
	<i>neriifolia</i> . D. 4 ft. Free flowering with golden tubular flowers.	5/6
	<i>purpurea</i> . D. Semi-climbing shrub with reddish-purple flowers.	5/6
	ALOYSIA	
	<i>citriodora</i> (Lemon-scented Verbena). D. 6 ft. Fragrant light green foliage with spikes of dainty mauve flowers.	4/6
T	ALSTONIA	
	<i>scholaris</i> (Dita Bark). 8 ft. A very pretty shrub when flowering in Summer. Dense clusters of white starry flowers.	5/6
	AMELANCHIER	
	<i>canadensis</i> (Service Berry). 8 ft. D. Hardy shrub or small tree with foliage turning red in Autumn. Panicles of white flowers followed by black berries.	7/6
T	ANONA	
	<i>Cherimolia</i> (Custard Apple). 10 ft. A handsome and useful fruiting tree. Requires a warm sheltered position.	5/6
T	ARDISIA	
	<i>crenulata</i> . 2 ft. Usually grown as a pot plant but succeeds outside in warm districts. Bunches of red berries persisting almost throughout the year.	4/6
	ARUNDO	
	<i>donax versicolor</i> (Variegated Giant Reed). 6 ft. Bamboo-like plant with striped green and white leaves and stems. Ex open ground.	3/6
	AZALEA	
	<i>indica</i> . We stock a good range of single and semi-double varieties in red, mauve, white, salmon and rose pink. Available in Winter and Spring. According to size.	7/6
T	BARLERIA	
	<i>tomentosa</i> . 3 ft. One of the few really blue flowered shrubs bearing masses of violet-like flowers in Winter.	5/6

Ornamental Shrubs and Trees—continued

		Prices from
T	BAUHINIA	
	<i>Galpinii</i> . D. 6 ft. Indigenous shrub with masses of brick red "butterfly" flowers.	5/6
	<i>purpurea</i> . D. 15 ft. Makes a small tree bearing large winged blooms pink to rosy-purple.	5/6
	<i>inermis</i> . D. 4 ft. A dwarf form with pretty yellow flowers.	5/6
T	BELOPERONE	
	<i>guttata</i> (Shrimp Plant). 4 ft. A unique evergreen, continuously in bloom. Inflorescence consists of deep red bracts with white two-lipped flowers peeping out from each.	5/6
	BERBERIS	
	<i>Thunbergii superba</i> . 4 ft. D. A perfectly hardy shrub with handsome reddish purple foliage.	7/6
T	BRUNFELSIA	
	<i>eximea</i> (Yesterday, To-day and To-morrow). 6 ft. Flowers opening rich mauve fading gradually to white. Fragrant.	7/6
	BUDDLEJA (Butterfly Bush) . D.	
	<i>alternifolia</i> . 6 ft. Long arching sprays of small fragrant mauve flowers.	5/6
T	<i>asiatica</i> . 8 ft. Terminal spikes of fragrant white flowers.	5/6
T	<i>Lindleyana</i> . 4 ft. Pretty dwarf shrub with 2-inch spikes of terminal lavender coloured flowers.	5/6
T	<i>madagascariensis</i> . 10 ft. Very vigorous bearing large spikes of orange yellow flowers.	5/6
	<i>variabilis</i> . This group is perfectly hardy and comprises some of the most showy summer flowering shrubs.	
	<i>variabilis Charming</i> . 6 ft. Lovely soft pink spikes	5/6
	<i>variabilis Ile de France</i> . 6 ft. Deep violet purple.	5/6
	<i>variabilis Veitchiana</i> . 6 ft. Pale mauve.	5/6
T	BURCHELLIA	
	<i>capensis</i> (Buffelshoorn). 6 ft. Native shrub with corymbs of tubular scarlet flowers.	5/6
	BUXUS (Box Tree)	
	<i>Macowanii</i> . Small slow growing evergreen tree from the Eastern Cape, with small light green dense foliage. Can be clipped into formal shape.	5/6
	<i>sempervirens</i> (English Box). Bright green shiny leaves. Will form an excellent dwarf hedge or can be clipped into formal shapes or figures. In 2 lb. tins.	2/6
T	CAESALPINIA	
	<i>Gilliesii</i> (Bird of Paradise). 6 ft. Small shrub with fern-like foliage and spikes of pretty red and yellow flowers.	5/6
T	CALCEOLARIA	
	<i>integrifolia</i> . 2 ft. A pretty little shrub from Chile, bearing masses of small yellow pouch like flowers.	5/6
	CALLICARPA	
	<i>americana</i> . 4 ft. D. A neat shrub with broad light green foliage, inconspicuous bluish flowers but bearing in Autumn clusters of small violet berries.	5/6
	<i>mollis</i> . 3 ft. D. Smaller leaves than the above, bronzy in colour. Purple fruits in Autumn.	5/6
	CALLISTEMON	
	<i>coccineus</i> (Scarlet Bottle brush). 8 ft. Bright scarlet "bottlebrush" flowers. Withstands dry conditions and poor soil.	4/6
	<i>viminalis</i> (Weeping Bottlebrush). 12 ft. A graceful small tree with pendulous branches bearing large "brushes" of scarlet flowers.	5/6
T	CALPURNIA	
	<i>sylvatica</i> . 10 ft. D. A graceful small tree bearing Laburnum-like racemes of yellow flowers.	5/6
	CAMELLIA	
	<i>Japonica</i> Varieties. We have in stock two varieties of these beautiful but scarce shrubs, namely, Pink and deep Pink striped Red. Other varieties are available from time to time.	12/6

D.— Deciduous T.— Tender to hard frost

Ornamental Shrubs and Trees—continued

Prices
from

CANTUA		
<i>buxifolia</i> (Flower of the Incas). 5 ft. A slender-stemmed pendulous shrub with striking rose-coloured trumpet flowers hanging from its branches.		5/6
CARISSA		
<i>grandiflora</i> (Amatungulu). 6 ft. A thorny shrub with glossy dark green leaves and white starry flowers, scented, followed by red edible fruits.		4/6
CARYOPTERIS		
<i>clandoniensis</i> (Blue Spiraea). 2 ft. D. Useful hardy shrub for the rockery spikes of blue Spiraea-like flowers.		5/6
CASSIA		
<i>floribunda</i> . 8 ft. Fast growing shrub bearing in Winter masses of golden yellow flowers.		4/6
CEANOTHUS		
<i>Marie Simon</i> . 5 ft. D. A beautiful hardy shrub smothered in early summer with spikes of pink flowers.		7/6
T CENTRADENIA		
<i>rosea</i> . 4 ft. D. Semi-herbaceous. The corymbs of bright pink flowers are borne at the apex of angular fleshy stems.		5/6
CERATOSTIGMA		
<i>Willmottiana</i> . 3 ft. D. Beautiful dwarf hardy shrub from China covered all Summer with bright blue Plumbago-like flowers.		5/6
CERATONIA		
<i>Siliqua</i> (Carob Tree). 15 ft. Evergreen small spreading tree with ornamental bronzy foliage and large edible beans known as Locust Beans.		5/6
T CESTRUM		
<i>aurantiacum</i> . 8 ft. D. Tubular orange yellow flowers in panicles at end of branches.		7/6
<i>elegans</i> . 6 ft. D. Dark red flowers in dense terminal panicles.		5/6
<i>Pride of Roselands</i> . 6 ft. D. Flowers are a pleasing salmon pink.		5/6
<i>Newellii</i> . 10 ft. Very vigorous grower. Flowers are wine-red in erect terminal clusters.		5/6
T CLERODENDRON		
<i>ugandense</i> . 4 ft. D. Masses of blue "Butterfly" flowers in Summer.		5/6
T CHORIZEMA		
<i>cordata</i> (Australian Flame Pea). 3 ft. An intensely showy dwarf shrub with masses of orange-red pea shaped flowers.		5/6
CISTUS		
<i>ladaniferus</i> (Sun Rose). 5 ft. Large single white flowers with dark blotches at base of each petal. Hardy.		5/6
CLETHRA		
<i>arborea</i> (Lily of the Valley Tree). A beautiful evergreen from Madeira. The flowers are like Lily of the Valley, white and very fragrant. This is indeed a beautiful subject for sheltered positions and rich loamy soil.		21/-
COLEONEMA		
<i>pulchrum</i> . 3 ft. A dwarf native shrub with masses of small pink flowers in profusion.		5/6
COPROSMA (Looking Glass Plant)		
8 ft. The Coprosmas are fast growing evergreens with bright polished foliage particularly suited to seaside planting as they stand up to exposure to salt spray. The foliage is prized for indoor decoration.		
<i>marginata</i> . Green leaves with a distinct silver margin.		7/6
<i>picturata</i> . Leaves blotched with pale green and gold.		7/6
<i>lucida</i> . Leaves entirely green.		5/6
CORYNOCARPUS		
<i>laevigatus</i> (New Zealand Laurel). 20 ft. Bold glossy deep green laurel-like foliage.		5/6

Write for our Seed Catalogue — STARKE-AYRES



COTONEASTER

Cotoneasters are distinguished from *Crataegus* (Hawthorn) and *Pyracantha* (Firethorn) by the absence of thorns on the stems. They are all perfectly hardy and decorative in both flower and berry.

Franchetti. 6 ft. Clusters of orange-red berries. Dark green foliage. 5/6

frigida. 20 ft. Very vigorous. The berries are in huge clusters, dark red. 5/6

horizontalis. 3 ft. Vigorous low shrub with rigid fan-shaped horizontal branches and red berries. Suitable for large rockeries. 5/6

microphylla. Similar to above in habit but more compact and smaller in all its parts. 5/6

pannosa. 8 ft. Greyish green foliage, red berries. 5/6

Wardii. 6 ft. The best variety in this group. Large red berries borne densely round the stems. 5/6

CRATAEGUS

Carrierei. D. 12 ft. A small tree with clusters of white flowers followed by large red pendulous fruits. Best suited to cold districts. Ex open ground in winter. 6 ft. specimens. 21/-

oxyacantha (English Hawthorn). D. 12 ft. Sweet scented white flowers, deep red berries. Foliage turns red in Autumn. 5/6

oxyacantha Alba Plena. D. A double white flowered form. 7/6

oxyacantha Wm. Paul (Double Pink Hawthorn). Bearing dense masses of double pink flowers in Spring. 7/6

pubescens (Mexican Hawthorn). D. 15 ft. Golden yellow, cherry-like fruits. Used as cattle feed. 5/6

T CUPHEA

micropetala (Cigar Flower). 2-3 ft. Numerous upright stems bearing tubular flowers, red, yellow towards the mouth almost throughout the year. 4/6

CUPRESSUS—See under Trees.

CYDONIA

japonica (Flowering Quince). D. 12 ft. Early Spring flowering on bare stems. Deep salmon-pink. 5/6

Maulei. D. 3 ft. A dwarf form having orange-scarlet flowers and apple-like fruits. 7/6

nivalis. D. 10 ft. Pure white flowers. 5/6

CYTISUS

proliferus albus (Tagasaste). 8 ft. Handsome white flowered "Broom" from the Canary Islands. Hardy and drought resistant. 5/6

DAIS

cotinifolia (Kannabast). 20 ft. Hardy native small tree of attractive foliage and rosette like mauvy pink flowers in profusion. 5/6

DATURA

suaveolens (Moonflower). D. 15 ft. Large pendulous sweetly scented white trumpet flowers. 5/6

DEUTZIA

scabra candidissima (Bridal Wreath). D. 6 ft. Produces an abundance of double white flowers in early summer. 5/6

scabra rosea-plena. A variety of the above with outer petals tinged pink. 5/6

DIERVILLA (Weigelia)

D. 4 ft. One of the prettiest Spring flowering shrubs. Flowers are borne in dense sprays on previous seasons growth. Prune out old flowering shoots after flowering.

florida variegata. 4 ft. Pretty gold edged foliage and pale pink flowers. 5/6

hybrida Eskoria. Deep mauvy pink. 5/6

hybrida Glory of Holland. Deep pink, outside petals red. 5/6

rosea. Rose pink, very free flowering. 5/6

← A batch of Shrubs and Climbers at our nurseries ready for sale.

D.— Deciduous T.— Tender to hard frost

T DIPLACUS	
<i>glutinosus</i> . 3 ft. An attractive dwarf shrub for rockeries or border. The whole plant is literally smothered with orange Mimulus flowers over a very long period.	3/6
DOMBEYA	
<i>Coria</i> . 6 ft. Bold dark green foliage. Clusters of pink Hydrangea-like flowers.	5/6
<i>dregeana</i> . 10 ft. A native, small winter-flowering tree with masses of white flowers much sought by bees.	5/6
DURANTA	
<i>Plumieri</i> (Golden Dewdrop). 15 ft. Beautiful pendulous sprays of blue Forget-me-not flowers followed by orange berries.	4/6
<i>Plumieri alba</i> . A white flowered form of the above.	4/6
T ECHIUM	
(Pride of Teneriffe). 5 ft. Blue green foliage. Bold spikes of blue flowers, very showy.	4/6
T ERANTHEMUM	
<i>nervosum</i> . 3 ft. A pretty Winter flowering shrub for sheltered positions. Spikes of lovely blue flowers.	5/6
ERIOBOTRYA	
<i>japonica</i> (Loquat). A small tree with large ornamental foliage. White flowers followed by yellow edible fruit.	5/6
T ERYTHRINA	
<i>caffra</i> (Kaffirboom). D. 15 ft. Dense racemes of scarlet flowers appear on ends of branches before the leaves develop in Spring.	5/6
<i>Crista-galli</i> (Coral Tree). D. 10 ft. A small tree bearing immense spikes of crimson pea shaped flowers. The flower shoots die back in Winter and should be pruned back to the main branches.	5/6
ESCALLONIA	
<i>langleyensis</i> . 6 ft. Evergreen shrub with slender arching shoots, bearing racemes of bright pink flowers.	5/6
<i>macrantha</i> . 4 ft. A dense bush with glossy dark green foliage and rosy red flowers.	5/6
EUCALYPTUS—See under Trees	
EUGENIA	
<i>myrtifolia</i> (Australian Bush Cherry). 20 ft. Glossy green foliage with young shoots opening bronze. White "myrtle" flowers edible red fruits.	5/6
EUONYMUS	
<i>japonicus argenteo-marginatus</i> . 6 ft. Very hardy shrub with silver margined foliage.	5/6
<i>japonicus aureo variegatus</i> . Leaves variegated green and gold.	5/6
T EUPHORBIA	
<i>pulcherrima</i> (Poinsettia). 8 ft. D. Scarlet bracts in Winter. Also pink, cream, and double red forms.	5/6
EUPATORIUM	
<i>ianthinum</i> . 6 ft. A showy shrub from Mexico. Large oval leaves on purplish woolly stems. Giant heads of rosy purple flowers like giant Ageratums.	5/6
<i>paniculatum</i> . A somewhat smaller type with rose pink flowers.	5/6
EXOCHORDA	
<i>grandiflora</i> . D. 10 ft. A spring flowering shrub with pure white flowers like apple blossom.	5/6
FABIANA	
<i>imbricata</i> (Chilean Heath). 6 ft. A very hardy Heath-like shrub with tubular white flowers densely massed along the entire stem.	5/6
FATSIA	
<i>japonica</i> . 10 ft. Palm-like plant somewhat resembling pawpaw. Huge fig-like leaves and dense erect panicles of white flowers.	5/6
FORSYTHIA	
<i>spectabilis</i> . D. 6 ft. Bright yellow flowers in early Spring. Very hardy.	5/6

FUCHSIA

Although these delightful plants are usually regarded as suitable only for pots or stoeps, they thrive in any sheltered garden. We have a wide range of modern varieties. Write for special list.

GARDENIA

jasminoides (Katjiekiering). 6 ft. An old favourite with sweetly perfumed double white flowers.

Thunbergia. 10 ft. Single flowered variety native of the Cape.

5/6
5/6

GENISTA

racemosa. 6 ft. A type of "Broom" with greysish green foliage and yellow pea-like flowers.

5/6

GREVILLEA

Caleyi. 6 ft. Racemes of scarlet flowers borne on terminals of young shoots.

robusta.—See under Trees.

rosmarinifolia. 6 ft. A pretty Australian shrub with pine-like foliage and scarlet flowers.

5/6

5/6

GREWIA

occidentalis. 13 ft. Native shrub of somewhat scandent growth and bright blue starlike flowers.

5/6

HAKEA

laurina (Pincushion Hakea). 15 ft. An Australian small tree with wattle-like foliage. The flowers are like little red pincushions covered with creamy white "Pins". Wind and drought resistant.

10/6

HEBECLINIUM

—See Eupatorium

HELIOTROPIUM

(Heliotrope or Cherry Pie). 3 ft. Sweet scented dwarf shrub with light mauve or dark purple flowers.

3/6

HIBISCUS

rosa-sinensis. Evergreen varieties.

Agnes Gault. Double cerise.

Apple Blossom. Single pink with crimson eye.

Gen. Courteges. Single scarlet.

Madeline Champion. Single apricot with red eye.

Princess Marina. Double salmon pink.

Double Red. Dwarfier than the preceding varieties.

mutabilis fl. pl. D. 10 ft. Vigorous shrub with large double pink flowers like Hollyhocks.

schizopetalus. 6 ft. Semi-evergreen species with curious fringed, pendulous orange red flowers.

syriacus (Rose of Sharon). D. 8 ft. A hardy group standing up to heavy frost.

Admiral Dewey. Double white.

Duc de Brabant. Double deep pink.

La Fleur. Double white stained and flecked cerise.

Leopoldii plena. Blush pink with crimson blotch at base of petals, double.

Mauve Queen. Single rosy mauve with crimson blotch.

Woodbridge. Single ruby-red.

5/6

5/6

5/6

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5/6

5/6

T HOLMSKIOLDIA

sanguinea (Parasol Flower). D. 8 ft. A vigorous shrub for warm aspects. Brick red flowers in profusion.

sanguinea Apricot. A form of the above with apricot yellow flowers.

5/6

5/6

HYDRANGEA

D. Up to 6 ft. The well known "Christmas Flower". We hold a very comprehensive range of modern varieties in red, pink, blue and white. Blues are still the most popular but cannot be guaranteed to remain fixed as soil and climatic conditions have a predominating influence on colour. Write for special list. Prices from 3/6 to 21/- according to size.

T HYMENOSPORUM

flavum.—See under Trees.

Ornamental Shrubs and Trees—continued

Prices
from

HYPERICUM (St. John's Wort)	
<i>Moserianum</i> . 1½-2 ft. A dwarf evergreen with yellow flowers, suitable for planting under trees, but also does well in full sun.	4/6
<i>patulum</i> . 3 ft. Similar to Moserianum but taller.	4/6
IOCHROMA	
<i>tubulosum</i> (Violet Bush). 10 ft. A very fast growing shrub with clusters of tubular violet blue flowers.	5/6
JACARANDA —See under Trees	
JASMINUM	
T <i>glaucum</i> . Semi-climber with dark green leaves and white, sweetly-scented, star-like flowers.	5/6
<i>nudiflorum</i> . D. 6 ft. Very hardy. Double yellow flowers on bare stems in Winter.	5/6
<i>primulinum</i> . More vigorous than nudiflorum but not so hardy.	5/6
T <i>Sambac</i> . White flowers in clusters continuously in bloom.	5/6
KERRIA	
<i>japonica plena</i> . D. 8 ft. A hardy and vigorous shrub with double yellow one-inch flowers.	5/6
<i>japonica variegata</i> . Less vigorous than the previous type. Leaves are margined silver.	5/6
LAGERSTROEMIA	
<i>indica</i> (Pride of India). D. 15 ft. A small tree or large bush covered in summer with masses of crepe-like flowers in mauve, deep pink or pale pink.	5/6
LAGUNARIA —See under trees	
LANTANA (Cherry Pie)	
<i>camara hybrids</i> . Fine shrubs for rockeries or dry, hot positions.	
Orange and Red. 5 ft. Vigorous spreading habit.	4/6
Red. 4 ft. More compact in habit than the above.	4/6
White. 4 ft. Compact and vigorous.	4/6
Yellow. 3 ft. Dwarf and compact.	4/6
<i>salviaefolia</i> . 2 ft. A semi-creeper with pinkish mauve verberna-like flowers. Grand for rockeries or will make a neat dwarf hedge when clipped. In 2 lb. tins.	2/6
LASIANDRA —See Tibouchina	
LAVANDULA (Lavender)	
<i>dentata</i> (French Lavender). 3 ft. Small green leaves deeply toothed. Flower spikes deep purple. 2 lb. tins.	2/6
<i>Walhampton Giant</i> (English Lavender). 3-4 ft. Greyish green foliage and large spikes of lavender flowers. 2 lb. tins.	2/6
LEONOTIS	
<i>leonurus</i> (Lion's Ear). 8 ft. Vigorous shrub bearing whorls of orange flowers on cane-like stems. If the flowering stems are cut back after blooming it will flower twice a year. Good for decoration.	5/6
LEPTOSPERMUM	
<i>scoparium</i> (Australian Tea Bush). 10 ft. A very hardy and decorative shrub. Fine bronzy foliage, abundant flowers in winter, red, pink or white. Also makes a neat hedge.	5/6
T LEUCADENDRON	
<i>argenteum</i> . 20 ft. The famous Silver Tree of the Cape.	3/6
LIGUSTRUM (Privet)	
<i>lucidum</i> . 15 ft. Glossy evergreen foliage. Allowed to grow freely makes a decorative spreading tree with corymbs of white flowers followed by black berries.	5/6
<i>lucidum tricolour</i> . Leaves are variegated green and gold with a tinge of pink.	10/6
<i>ovalifolium</i> . 10 ft. Hardy semi-deciduous shrub used mainly for hedges.	3/6
<i>ovalifolium aureum</i> (Golden Privet). Foliage green and gold not so vigorous as the previous type.	2/6
T LINUM	
<i>trigynum</i> . 2 ft. Dwarf shrub for rockeries bearing in Winter golden yellow cup-shaped flowers.	5/6

D.— Deciduous

T.— Tender to hard frost

Ornamental Shrubs and Trees—continued

Prices
from

LONICERA		
<i>nitida</i> . 6 ft. Attractive Chinese evergreen with small glossy green leaves. Used in Europe for hedges.		4/6
<i>splendida</i> (Bushy Honeysuckle). 10 ft. Clusters of tubular flowers, purplish outside, yellow inside, borne on long arching stems. One of the most useful garden shrubs.		5/6
LOQUAT —See <i>Eriobotrya</i>		
MACKAYA		
<i>bella</i> . D. 6 ft. Native of Natal. Lilac flowers striped purple.		5/6
MAGNOLIA		
<i>grandiflora</i> .—See under Trees.		
<i>soulangeana nigra</i> . D. 10 ft. Of bushy habit and bearing deep crimson-purple tulip-like flowers on bare stems in Spring. Ex open ground in Spring.		10/6
T MALVAVISCUS		
<i>macranthus</i> . 8 ft. A fast growing shrub with bold foliage and pretty, erect, scarlet Hibiscus-like flowers throughout the year.		4/6
MELALEUCA		
<i>lateritia</i> (Robin Redbreast). 10 ft. A graceful small tree or shrub bearing cylindrical "brushes" of soft orange scarlet flowers. Will withstand dry conditions.		5/6
<i>styphelioides</i> (Paper Bark). 15 ft. Pretty tea-tree leaves and showy creamy white, bottle-brush flowers. Bark grey in colour and peeling with age. Foliage useful for decoration.		5/6
T METROSIDEROS		
<i>tomentosa</i> (New Zealand Christmas Tree). 15 ft. One of the best trees for seaside planting. The foliage is attractive dark green and the flowers, bright crimson in colour, are borne at the tips of the young growth. Also makes an excellent hedge or windbreak.		5/6
T MOSCHOSMA		
<i>riparia</i> . D. 3 ft. A soft wooded shrub from East Africa, with spikes of lovely lilac coloured flowers in Winter.		5/6
T MICHELIA		
<i>fuscata</i> (Port Wine Magnolia). 8 ft. An upright evergreen with long glossy green leaves and small wine-purple flowers heavily Banana scented.		5/6
T MURRAYA		
<i>exotica</i> . 6 ft. Dark green foliage and fragrant white flowers. Also known as Orange Jasmine.		5/6
MYRTUS		
<i>communis</i> . 6 ft. The English Myrtle with pretty oval leaves and white flowers.		2/6
NANDINA		
<i>domestica</i> . 8 ft. Hardy Japanese shrub with fernlike foliage, bronze when young and terminal panicles of white flowers. Suckers freely from base but is not aggressive.		5/6
NERIUM		
<i>oleander</i> . 10 ft. Useful shrub with clusters of single or double flowers all summer. Varieties: single pink, double white, double salmon, and double deep pink.		5/6
OCHNA		
<i>atropurpurea</i> . 4 ft. A native shrub with reddish green foliage and yellow flowers with bright red calyx and purple fruits.		5/6
PHILADELPHUS (Mock Orange)		
The Mock Oranges are all perfectly hardy and bear white orange-blossom scented flowers.		
<i>coronarius</i> . 4 ft. Semi-evergreen with small pendulous white flowers.		5/6
<i>grandiflorus</i> . 6 ft. D. Vigorous and hardy. One-inch broad flowers, highly perfumed.		5/6
<i>hybridus Belle Etoile</i> . 6 ft. D. Two-inch flowers, white, flushed maroon at base of each petal.		5/6



Ornamental Shrubs and Trees—continued

Prices
from

PHORMIUM	
<i>tenax</i> (New Zealand Flax). 6 ft. A stemless plant forming a clump of wide strap-like leaves up to 6 feet long, dark green in colour. Occasionally sends up flowering stems 8-10 feet high carrying dullish orange lily-like flowers. Ex open ground in Winter.	3/6
PHYGELIUS	
<i>capensis</i> (Cape Fuchsia). 3 ft. Soft-wooded shrub with spikes of scarlet tubular flowers.	5/6
T PITTOSPORUM	
<i>crassifolium</i> .—See under Trees.	
<i>eugenioides</i> . 10 ft. Small tree with wavy pale reeng leaves.	5/6
<i>tenuifolium</i> . 8 ft. Small silvery green foliage, black stems, neat habit. Foliage useful for decoration.	5/6
<i>tobira</i> .—See under Trees.	
<i>undulatum</i> .—See under Trees.	
T PLECTRANTHUS	
<i>Ecklonis</i> . 3 ft. A soft-wooded shrub for shade planting. Spikes of rich blue flowers.	5/6
T PLUMBAGO	
<i>capensis</i> . 6 ft. Fast growing semi-climber with sky blue flowers. Makes an excellent hedge.	4/6
T PLUMIERIA	
<i>oculata</i> (Frangipani). Tropical shrub with fleshy stems. Scented flowers, cream or pink.	7/6
PODALYRIA	
<i>calyptata</i> . 10 ft. Beautiful native shrub covered in Spring with masses of soft mauve flowers, sweetly scented.	5/6
<i>sericea</i> . 4 ft. A dwarf type with silvery foliage and small pink flowers.	5/6
POINCIANA —See <i>Caesalpinia</i> .	
POINSETTIA —See <i>Euphorbia</i> .	
PRIDE OF INDIA —See <i>Lagerstroemia</i> .	
PRIDE OF TENERIFFE —See <i>Echium</i> .	
PROTEA	
We have a very fine selection of Proteas and allied Proteaceous plants available in tins. Write for special list.	
PRUNUS	
This group comprises the ornamental flowering forms of Plums, Peaches, Almond and Cherry. They are all deciduous and perfectly hardy, averaging 15 feet in height and all Spring flowering.	
<i>bleriana</i> (Flowering Plum). Reddish purple leaves and large double pink blossoms.	6/6
<i>cerasifera nigra</i> . Leaves deep coppery purple much used for decoration.	6/6
<i>persica</i> (Flowering Peach):	
<i>persica albo plena</i> . Double white.	6/6
<i>persica Clara Meyer</i> . Double pink.	6/6
<i>persica rubra plena</i> . Double red.	6/6
<i>Pollardii</i> (Flowering Almond). Large single pink flowers.	6/6
<i>serrulata</i> (Flowering Cherry). Double white, red or pink.	7/6
<i>triloba</i> . Branches wreathed with double pink flowers. Only half hardy.	6/6
PUNICA (Pomegranate)	
<i>granatum</i> . 8 ft. D. With double red, yellow or mottled flowers.	5/6
<i>granatum nanum</i> . 18 ins. A dwarf form with double red flowers.	5/6
PYCNOSTACHYS	
<i>urticifolia</i> . 6 ft. Salvia-like shrub with terminal spikes of bright blue flowers in Winter.	5/6

← A corner of our packing shed.

For all your garden requisites — STARKE-AYRES

Ornamenta Shrubs and Trees—continued

	Prices from
PYRACANTHA (Firethorn)	
<i>angustifolia</i> . 8 ft. Large flattish orange berries.	5/6
<i>coccinea</i> . 8 ft. Upright habit somewhat smaller than <i>angustifolia</i> . Berries in dense clusters, brilliant red.	5/6
PYRUS (Flowering Apple)	
<i>aldenhamensis</i> . Red flowers with purple foliage. Small reddish-purple fruits.	6/6
RAPHIOLEPIS (Indian Hawthorn)	
<i>Delacouri</i> . 4-6 ft. A pretty evergreen with spikes of pink apple blossom flowers.	5/6
<i>indica</i> . Like <i>Delacouri</i> but with white flowers.	5/6
<i>japonica</i> . More robust than the preceding with leathery dark green leaves, large white flowers and blue-black berries.	5/6
RHUS —See under Trees.	
ROBINIA	
<i>hispida</i> (Rose acacia). D. 10 ft. Beautiful pendulous racemes of pink Wistaria-like flowers.	15/-
ROMNEYA	
<i>Coulteri</i> (California Tree Poppy). D. 8 ft. Large white sweetly scented poppy flowers with conspicuous yellow stamens are borne on ends of current seasons growth. Tricky to establish but hardy and fast growing. Does best on poor soils. A truly lovely plant.	7/6
ROSMARINUS	
<i>officinalis</i> (Rosemary). 6 ft. Makes a good shrub or hedge on poor, well-drained soils.	4/6
<i>officinalis prostrata</i> . A low growing form for the rockery.	4/6
T RUSSELLIA	
<i>juncea</i> . 3 ft. A pretty little shrub with rush-like foliage and masses of bright red flowers.	5/6
SALIX —See under Trees.	
SALVIA	
<i>Greggii</i> . 6 ft. A shrubby sage with carmine pink flowers. Fast growing and makes a good hedge on poor soils.	4/6
T involucrata Bethelii . 6 ft. Bold spikes of rosy-crimson flowers in Winter.	4/6
T leucantha . 4 ft. A sprawling bush with long spikes of bright purple flowers.	4/6
SAMBUCUS	
<i>nigra aurea</i> (Golden Elder). 10 ft. A fast growing shrub with variegated green and gold foliage. Ex open ground in Winter.	5/6
SCHINUS —See under Trees.	
SERISSA	
<i>foetida</i> . 2 ft. Pretty dwarf shrub with flowers like tiny white roses.	5/6
SILVER TREE —See <i>Leucadendron</i> .	
T SMODINGIUM	
<i>argutum</i> . 6 ft. Fast growing evergreen shrub with conspicuous spikes of rose pink bracts followed by bright red berries.	5/6
T SPARMANNIA	
<i>africana</i> . 10 ft. Bold light green foliage and clusters of white flowers with sensitive yellow stamens.	5/6
SPARTIUM	
<i>junceum</i> (Spanish Broom). 10 ft. Rush like foliage and spikes of yellow flowers. Very hardy.	4/6
T SPATHODEA —See under Trees.	
SPIRAEA	
<i>cantoniensis</i> (syn <i>Reevesii</i>). 6 ft. D. Masses of single or double white flowers in Spring.	5/6
<i>japonica</i> . 5 ft. Vigorous shrub bearing corymbs of carmine pink flowers.	5/6
<i>japonica Anothony Waterer</i> . 3 ft. A fine dwarf shrub with corymbs of crimson flowers.	5/6
<i>prunifolia plena</i> . 3 ft. Double white "Batchelors Button" flowers clinging closely to the stems.	5/6
<i>trichocarpa</i> . 6 ft. Large rounded umbels of white flowers on graceful arching sprays.	5/6

STARKE-AYRES vir tuinbenodigdhede

STERCULIA—See under Trees.	
T STREPTOSOLEN	
Jamesonii. 4 ft. Very free flowering in Winter. Orange tubular flowers in dense clusters.	5/6
T STROBILANTHES	
isophyllus. 2 ft. Ideal for the rockery. Reddish green foliage and lavender tubular flowers.	5/6
SYMPHORICARPUS	
orbiculatus (Coral Berry). D. 4 ft. Decorative foliage and red berries in Winter.	5/6
racemosus (Snow Berry). D. Large white berries in Winter.	7/6
SYRINGA	
Sweginzowii. D. 8 ft. An oriental Lilac with pale pink, scented flowers.	7/6
Vulgaris (English Lilac). D. 10 ft. Blooms are a lovely mauve and very fragrant.	7/6
TAMARIX	
pentandra. D. 10 ft. Ideal seaside shrub and stands up to wind. Tall plumes of minute pink flowers.	4/6
TECOMA	
Garrocha. 5 ft. Scandent shrub with delicate apricot flowers.	5/6
Smithii. 4 ft. Neat shrub with clusters of pretty yellow tubular flowers.	5/6
stans. A vigorous shrub up to 15 ft., with large yellow trumpet flowers in clusters.	5/6
TECOMARIA	
capensis (Kaffir Honeysuckle). Semi-climber with reddish orange flowers. Makes an excellent hedge.	4/6
capensis lutea. Lemon yellow form of capensis.	4/6
THUYA—See under Trees.	
T TIBOUCHINA	
semidecandra (Lasiandra). A beautiful shrub for warm sheltered positions. Large rich purple flowers.	5/6
T TURRAEA	
obtusifolia. 3 ft. A native shrub, compact in habit having one-inch long white, two-lipped flowers, followed by coloured berries.	5/6
VERONICA	
speciosa. 3 ft. These free-flowering New Zealand shrubs are ideal subjects for rockery or border, and are available in the following colours. Purple, Lavender, Red, Pink, and Mauve.	4/6
VIBURNUM	
opulus sterile (Snowball Tree). 10 ft. D. A lovely hardy shrub bearing large balls of white flowers.	5/6
tinus (Laurestine). 6 ft. Drought resistant with glossy green leaves and corymbs of creamy white flowers in Winter.	5/6
VIRGILIA—See under Trees.	
VITEX	
Agnus Castus (Chaste Tree). D. 6 ft. A shrub of handsome appearance both in leaf and flower. The flowers are borne in terminal spikes of violet blue.	5/6
roseus. A pink flowered form.	5/6
YUCCA	
gloriosa variegata (Adam's needle). 8 ft. Sword-like leaves, striped green and white. Tall panicles of white bell flowers.	5/6
recurvifolia. Bluish green recurving leaves. Three-foot panicles of white flowers.	5/6

ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES

Abbreviations: T. — Tender to Hard Frost.
D. — Deciduous.

PRICES

Prices quoted are for exceptionally well grown plants, established in tins, except where otherwise stated. Larger specimens of most varieties are usually available and we will gladly quote for these if you will kindly state your requirements.

	Prices from
ACACIA	
<i>elata</i> . 20 ft. Very fast growing and hardy.	5/6
<i>Baileyana</i> (Cootamunda Wattle). 15 ft. Silvery foliage and golden yellow flowers.	5/6
<i>podalyriaefolia</i> (Queensland Wattle). 15 ft. The most ornamental of the wattles.	5/6
ACER	
<i>negundo</i> (Box Elder). D. 18 ft. Ornamental small tree for sheltered positions.	5/6
<i>negundo argentea variegata</i> . 18 ft. A green and silver form of the above. (Winter only).	10/6
AILANTHUS	
<i>glandulosus</i> (Tree of Heaven). D. 20 ft. Fast growing with large compound leaves up to 4 ft. long, having reddish stems. (Winter only).	7/6
T ALEURITES	
<i>Fordii</i> (Tung Nut). D. 25 ft. A handsome tree with large heart shaped leaves and clusters of white flowers. Fast growing but tender to frost.	10/6
ARAUCARIA	
<i>Bidwillii</i> (Bunya-bunya). 100 ft. A monkey puzzle with broad, spiked leaves and branchlets bunched at the ends of pendulous branches.	5/6
<i>Cookii</i> syn. <i>columnaris</i> . 80 ft. Similar to the Norfolk Island Pine but more columnar in habit.	5/6
<i>Cunninghamii</i> (Hoop Pine). 80 ft. Similar to the above but denser in habit and having small sharply pointed leaves.	5/6
ASH —See <i>Fraxinus</i> .	
BALHAMBRA —See <i>Phytolacca</i> .	
T CALODENDRON	
<i>capensis</i> (Cape Chestnut). D. 50 ft. Semi-evergreen and bearing large truss of lilac coloured flowers. Suitable only for warmer districts.	5/6
T CASTANOSPERMUM	
<i>australe</i> (Moreton Bay Chestnut). 50 ft. A handsome evergreen for warm districts.	5/6
CASUARINA	
<i>equisetifolia</i> (Beefwood). 50 ft. Evergreen and hardy with fernlike foliage withstands drought.	5/6
CATALPA	
<i>bignonioides</i> (Indian Bean). D. 40 ft. A spreading tree with white, red-spotted flowers followed by 12-inch seed pods.	7/6
CEDRUS	
<i>deodara</i> (Deodar). 100 ft. One of the most handsome of coniferous trees. Excellent for cold inland districts but does well also at coast.	7/6
	Specimens 25/-
CELTIS	
<i>kraussiana</i> (Camdeboo stinkhout). D. 20 ft. A forest tree of the Cape coastal regions.	5/6
CINNAMOMUM	
<i>camphora</i> (Camphor Tree). 100 ft. The most noble of evergreen trees. Young leaves at first bronzy red then light green, withstands moderate frost.	5/6
CRYPTOMERIA	
<i>japonica</i> (Japanese Cedar). 80 ft. Handsome evergreen of symmetrical Cedar-like growth. Semi-tender.	5/6

STARKE-AYRES for Insecticides

CUPRESSUS

All the Cupressus are hardy and drought resistant and make excellent windbreaks.

arizonica (Arizona Cypress). 40 ft. Having bluish green foliage. 3/6

funeris (Weeping Cypress). 50 ft. Horizontal branches, pendulous sprays. 7/6

macrocarpa (Monterey Cypress). 50 ft. Light green, lemon-scented foliage. 3/6

sempervirens var. *stricta*. (Italian Cypress). Columnar in shape, excellent for formal gardens, requires light clipping to keep in shape. 3/6

torulosa (Himalayan Cypress). 100 ft. Handsome tree for cold inland areas. 5/6

EUCALYPTUS

ficiifolia (Red flowering Gum). 25 ft. Evergreen and semi-hardy. 5/6

torquata (Coral Gum). 12 ft. Small tree with attractive corrugated flower buds opening to red or pink. 7/6

FICUS

australis. 30 ft. Evergreen and wind resistant. 5/6

nitida. 25 ft. Small leaved and of compact growth, good street or shade tree. 5/6

FRAXINUS

americana (American Ash). D. 40 ft. An excellent hardy tree for cold inland areas. (Winter only). 5/6

GINKGO

biloba (Maidenhair tree). D. 50 ft. A survival of prehistoric days. Makes a handsome tree with maidenhair fernlike foliage. Slow growing. Hardy to frost. 10/6

GLEDITSCHIA

triacanthos. D. 20 ft. Hardy tree with fern-like foliage and long, edible seed pods used for stock feed. 5/6

GREVILLEA

robusta (Silky Oak). 40 ft. Semi-evergreen. Suitable for warm inland areas. 5/6

HAKEA

laurina (Pincushion Hakea). 15 ft. Excellent hardy small tree, withstands wind and drought. Flowers in red balls with white stamens. 5/6

HARPERPHYLLUM

caffrum (Kaffir Plum). 50 ft. Evergreen. Dark green foliage, young growths quite bronze. 5/6

T HYMENOSPORUM

flavum. 30 ft. A good small evergreen tree for warmer districts. Flowers in Spring yellow, scented. 5/6

JACARANDA

mimosaeifolia. D. 25 ft. Medium tree with fernlike foliage and masses of blue flowers in Spring. 5/6

JUNIPERUS

bermudiana (Bermuda Cedar). 50 ft. Cypress-like tree. 5/6

KOELREUTERIA

paniculata (Golden Rain tree). D. 20 ft. 5/6

LAGUNARIA

Patersonii. 20 ft. Olive green foliage and pink Hibiscus-like flowers. 5/6

LIQUIDAMBER

styraciflua (American Sweet Gum). D. 60 ft. Handsome maple-like tree the leaves assuming striking colours in Autumn. Hardy but requires rich alluvial soil. 5/6

LIRIODENDRON

tulipifera (Tulip tree). D. 50 ft. Bearing curious leaves and greenish white flowers. 7/6

MAGNOLIA

grandiflora. 50 ft. Handsome dark green leaves and large white flowers. Hardy but thrives best in warm moist conditions. 10/6

MELIA

azedarach (Indian Lilac). D. 50 ft. Hardy handsome foliage and clusters of mauve flowers followed by yellow berries. 5/6

OAK—See Quercus.**OLEA**

verrucosa (Wild Olive). 15 ft. Makes a good small decorative or street tree in dry areas and poor soil. 5/6

STARKE-AYRES

(C. STARK & CO. LTD.)

13-17 MAIN ST. MOWBRAY

NURSERYMEN

33

LOAD 6000
TARE 3500



Ornamental and Shade Trees—continued

	Prices from
PINUS	
<i>insignis</i> syn <i>radiata</i> . 60 ft. Fast growing good windbreak near coast.	3/6
<i>halepensis</i> . (Aleppo Pine). 30 ft. More suited to inland areas.	5/6
PLATANUS	
<i>acerifolia</i> (London Plane). D. 50 ft. A fine shade tree with broad maple-like leaves.	3/6
POPULUS	
<i>deltoides</i> (Cottonwood). 50 ft. Rapid grower with angular stems and bold foliage. (Winter only).	5/6
<i>nigra italica</i> (Lombardy Poplar). D. (Winter only).	2/6
<i>nigra italica</i> , evergreen form (Chilean Poplar). (Winter only).	2/6
<i>Wislizenii</i> (Californian Poplar). D. 30 ft. Fast growing ornamental shade tree with silvery backed leaves. (Winter only).	3/6
T PITTOSPORUM	
<i>crassifolium</i> . 20 ft. A particularly hardy tree for seaside planting and for windbreaks and hedges. Stands up to severest conditions but will not tolerate heavy frost.	5/6
<i>tobira</i> . 20 ft. A fine Chinese species with leathery dark green leaves. Makes a fine small shade tree giving clusters of white, orange-scented flowers.	5/6
<i>undulatum</i> . 20 ft. Best known as a hedge plant in the Cape, but makes an excellent and decorative shade or ornamental tree with large glossy green leaves and cream, scented flowers followed by orange berries.	5/6
QUERCUS	
<i>Mirbeckii</i> (Algerian Oak). 30 ft. Semi-evergreen. Perfectly symmetrical in shape, slow growing.	15/-
<i>palustris</i> (Pin Oak). D. 50 ft. The best oak for South African conditions. Leaves turn red before falling in Winter. (Winter only).	15/-
T RHUS	
<i>succedanea</i> (Wax Tree). D. 20 ft. Handsome fern-like foliage turning red in Autumn.	5/6
ROBINIA	
<i>pseudacacia</i> . D. 40 ft. Hardy, requiring moist rich soils. Pendulous racemes of sweetly scented white flowers.	5/6
SALIX	
<i>babylonica</i> (Weeping Willow). D. 30 ft. Highly ornamental for riverside or around large dams. (Winter only).	5/6
<i>caprea</i> (Goat Willow). D. 15 ft. Upright branches bearing silvery catkins in Spring. (Winter only).	5/6
T SCHINUS	
<i>terebinthifolius</i> . 20 ft. Fast growing evergreen tree with glossy foliage and panicle of small red fruits.	7/6
T SPATHODEA	
<i>speciosa</i> (African Flame Tree). D. 30 ft. Racemes of cup-shaped orange flowers. Suited only to warm coastal areas.	5/6
T STERCULIA	
<i>acerifolia</i> (Australian Flame Tree). D. 50 ft. A handsome tree bearing glorious masses of crimson flowers in Spring. Requires warm conditions.	5/6
THUJA	
<i>orientalis</i> (Chinese Arbor vitae). 30 ft. A slow growing, compact cypress-like tree. Clips well and also good for hedges.	5/6
TIPUANA	
<i>speciosa</i> . D. 30 ft. A fast growing tree with spreading branches and bearing clusters of yellow flowers.	5/6
VIRGILIA	
<i>oroboides</i> (Keurboom). 20 ft. Fast growing evergreen for coastal areas having clusters of mauve pea-like flowers.	5/6

← Plants being loaded for transportation to the station from where they will be railed to various places in the Union and Rhodesias. We are noted for our packing and are repeatedly receiving letters of appreciation from satisfied customers congratulating us on the excellent way the plants are packed.

Annuals available in season

CLIMBING PLANTS

Abbreviations: T. — Tender to Hard Frost.
D. — Deciduous.

PRICES

Prices quoted are for exceptionally well grown plants, established in tins, except where otherwise stated. Larger specimens of most varieties are usually available, and we will gladly quote for these if you will kindly state your requirements.

N.B. When planting climbers do not remove them from the tin. Cut out the bottom of the tin only and plant with the rest in place so as not to disturb the roots.

	Prices from
AKEBIA	
<i>quinata</i> . An evergreen creeper with clusters of curious purplish-brown, sweetly scented flowers.	5/6
AMPELOPSIS —See <i>Vitis</i> .	
T ANTIGONON	
<i>leptopus</i> (Coral Creeper). A deciduous fast growing creeper requiring a warm, sunny aspect. Flowers are in attractive racemes, rose-pink.	5/6
T ARISTOLOCHIA	
<i>elegans</i> (Dutchman's Pipe). A curious and interesting creeper from Brazil. Two-inch heart-shaped leaves and strangely formed reddish purple flowers marked with white and yellow.	5/6
ASPARAGUS	
<i>plumosus</i> (Asparagus Fern). Numerous tiny leaves in flat sprays. Grows well in semi shade, useful for cutting.	5/6
<i>sprengeri</i> . Coarser in growth than <i>plumosus</i> , very vigorous and hardy.	5/6
T BEAUMONTIA	
<i>grandiflora</i> . A beautiful climber for warm sunny positions, large white trumpet flowers.	5/6
BIGNONIA	
<i>capreolata</i> (Cross Vine). A very vigorous creeper with long glossy green leaflets. Numerous branches of orange trumpet flowers in Summer.	7/6
<i>Cherere</i> (correctly: <i>Phaedranthus Buccinatorius</i>). Very vigorous, evergreen, vermilion orange flowers 4 inches long borne in clusters. The most showy of all Bignonias.	15/-
<i>excelsa</i> . D. Clusters of pale yellow trumpet flowers followed by long bean-like seed pods. Fast, vigorous creeper.	5/6
<i>grandiflora</i> syn. <i>Campsis grandiflora</i> . D. Masses of large, open trumpet, orange flowers.	7/6
<i>grandiflora rubra</i> . Similar to <i>grandiflora</i> but with crimson-red flowers.	5/6
<i>speciosa</i> syn. <i>Clytostoma callistegioides</i> . Hardy evergreen species with clusters of mauve flowers.	5/6
<i>venusta</i> syn. <i>Pyrostegia venusta</i> (Golden Shower). Masses of orange trumpet flowers completely cover the plant in Winter.	5/6
BOUGAINVILLEA	
<i>Killie Campbell</i> . Very vigorous and free-flowering, wine-red fading to magenta.	7/6
<i>Mrs. Butt</i> . Deep rosy claret.	7/6
<i>Natalia</i> . Huge flower bracts of smoky pink. Less vigorous than <i>Mrs. Butt</i> .	7/6
<i>Orange King</i> . Deep orange fading to pink.	7/6
<i>Poultonii</i> . Huge flower bracts, free-flowering, lighter shade than <i>Killie Campbell</i> .	10/6
<i>sanderiana splendens</i> . Small pinkish-mauve bracts, free-flowering, hardy.	5/6
<i>spectabilis</i> . Deep glossy green foliage and magenta flowers.	5/6
CANARY CREEPER —See <i>Senecio tamoides</i> .	
COBAEA	
<i>scandens</i> . A fast growing twiner easily raised from seed. Cup and saucer flowers variable purple.	3/6

Climbing Plants—continued

Prices
from

FICUS

repens. An evergreen with tiny deep green leaves turning red in Autumn.
Clings to walls like Ivy.

3/6

GOLDEN SHOWER—See *Bignonia venusta*.

HEDERA

helix (English Ivy). The best clinging creeper for cold climates. Does well
in open or shade.

5/6

helix variegata. Leaves variegated with white and silver.

5/6

T HOYA

carnosa (Wax Plant). Clusters of thick waxy star-like flowers with pink
centres, fragrant, leaves oval and fleshy. Suitable only for warm
situations.

5/6

JASMINUM

glaucum. Dark green leaves and large, fragrant, white starry flowers, grows
vigorously in semi-shade.

5/6

multipartitum. Metallic-green foliage, dense clusters of fragrant white
flowers. A vigorous and dainty climber which also makes a fine
scandent bush.

5/6

officinale (Common Jasmine). The old favourite of European gardens.
Fragrant white starry flowers.

5/6

primulinum. Bushy habit, semi-double primrose yellow flowers.

5/6

Stephanense. Sweetly-scented rose-pink flowers.

5/6

LONICERA

japonica. Vigorous evergreen climber which does particularly well in
shade. Flowers white and yellow, very fragrant.

5/6

japonica aureoreticulata. Glossy green foliage netted with gold.

5/6

sempervirens (Trumpet Honeysuckle). Tubular flowers $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches long
in small clusters, glowing red with orange throat.

5/6

MANDEVILLA

sauveolens (Chile Jasmine). D. Sweetly scented white trumpet flowers,
twining habit.

5/6

T MONSTERA

deliciosa (Ceriman). A vigorous creeper with huge shiny green leaves
perforated and deeply cut at the edges. Arum-like flowers followed by
large cone-like fruits having a strong pineapple odour. Commonly
used as a decorative plant for the house or stoep.

10/6

PASSIFLORA

edulis (Grenadilla). Decorative and fruiting creeper. Blue flowers, purple
fruits.

2/6

T PETREA

volubilis (Purple Wreath). An evergreen creeper or scandent shrub. The
flowers are borne in beautiful racemes, flowers and flower stems being
a lovely dark blue. One of the most decorative climbers for warm
sheltered positions.

5/6

PODRANEA

Brycei (Zimbabwe Creeper). D. A vigorous climber with dark green leaves
and large terminal trusses of rose-pink trumpet flowers.

5/6

POLYGONUM

Baldschuanicum. Dense trusses of pearly white flowers, fast growing,
hardy.

5/6

SENECIO

tamoides (Canary Creeper). Succulent Ivy-like foliage, racemes of golden
flowers. Stands drought and poor conditions, fast growing.

5/6

T SOLANDRA

guttata (Golden Cup). Handsome climber from Mexico, cup-shaped yellow
flowers streaked with purple. Requires warm sheltered position.

7/6

Write for our special Rose List



Climbing Plants—continued

Prices
from

SOLANUM

- jasminoides*. A fast growing hardy creeper with clusters of small "potato" flowers white with blue tinge. 5/6
- seaforthianum*. Like *jasminoides* but with dark blue flowers followed by scarlet berries. 5/6
- Wendlandii*. For warm positions, light blue flowers up to 2 inches across. 5/6

SOLLYA

- heterophylla* (Australian Bluebell Creeper). An evergreen creeper valued for its clusters of brilliant blue flowers and glossy decorative foliage. May also be grown as a shrub. 5/6

T STEPHANOTIS

- floribunda*. An evergreen twiner for warm aspects. The white star-like flowers are delightfully fragrant and much sought by florists. 7/6

TACSONIA

- molissima* (Pink Passionflower). Fast growing lovely rose-pink flowers followed by edible orange-coloured fruits. 5/6
- van Volxemii* (Scarlet Passionflower). Flowers measure about two inches across, bright scarlet in colour. Fine fast growing creeper for fences or trellis. 5/6

TECOMA

- australis*. Clusters of small creamy flowers with brown veinings at throat, decorative glossy foliage. 5/6
- jasminoides*. Large compound glossy leaves, flowers are in compact sprays larger than those of *australis*, white blotched red at throat. 5/6

TECOMARIA

- capensis* (Kaffir Honeysuckle). A useful creeper for low fences, tubular orange-red flowers. 3/6
- capensis lutea*. Yellow flowered. 3/6

THUNBERGIA

- alata* (Black-eyed Susan). Soft-wooded rampant creeper, orange trumpet flowers with black eye. 2/6

TRACHELOSPERMUM

- jasminoides* (Star Jasmine). Fragrant starry white flowers, attractive dark glossy green foliage. Will grow in full shade if required. 5/6

VITIS

- inconstans*. D. The so-called Virginia Creeper with variable heart-shaped leaves turning red in autumn, vigorous and clings closely to walls. 2/6
- vitacea*. D. Common Virginia Creeper. Large five-leaflet foliage turning red in Autumn. Clings by means of tendrils thus requiring support in the form of trellis or netting. 2/6

WISTARIA

- chinensis*. D. Pendulous clusters of lovely lavender blue flowers, sweetly scented. Fast growing and will eventually cover a large area. 5/6
- chinesis alba*. D. White flowered form of the above. 5/6

← A batch of *Bougainvillea* "Killie Campbell" at our nurseries. The stakes are five foot bamboo, which gives an indication of the size of these healthy plants.

See page 37 for frost-resistant climbers

HEDGE PLANTS

For Hedges and Shelter Belts.

T. — Tender to hard frost.

		Prices	
		In trays. (Approx. 25 plants per tray)	In 2-lb. Tins
CUPRESSUS			
<i>arizonica</i> . For cold inland area.		30/- per 100	
<i>macrocarpa</i> . Suitable for seaside position.		30/- per 100	
T. DODONAEA			
<i>viscosa</i> . A pretty medium-sized hedge, drought resistant.		30/- per 100	
T. EUCALYPTUS			
<i>Lehmannii</i> . Fast growing and tough, stands up to drought and does well in poor, sandy soil.		30/- per 100	
T. HAKEA			
<i>saligna</i> . Neat and hardy. Bronze-green foliage.		30/- per 100	
T. HIBISCUS			
<i>rosa sinensis</i> . Single scarlet, double cerise or double pink. Makes a fine ornamental hedge in warmer districts.		—	24/- per doz. 150/- per 100
LEPTOSPERMUM			
<i>scoparium</i> (Tea Bush). Makes a pretty winter-flowering hedge. Hardy.		60/- per 100	
LIGUSTRUM			
<i>lodense</i> . Excellent hardy, low hedge, up to 4 ft.		40/- per 100	
<i>lucidum</i> . The large, glossy-leaved Chinese privet, makes a tall screen.		40/- per 100	
<i>ovalifolium</i> . Semideciduous, fast growing. Plants ex open ground, 50/- per 100.			
<i>ovalifolium aureum</i> (Golden Privet).		60/- per 100	24/- per doz. 150/- per 100
T. METROSIDEROS			
<i>tomentosa</i> . The best evergreen hedge for coastal areas.		50/- per 100	
T. PITTOSPORUM			
<i>crassifolium</i> . Makes a tall screen and stands up to salt winds.		30/- per 100	18/- per doz. 125/- per 100
<i>undulatum</i> . The most popular hedge in the Western Province. Handsome glossy-green foliage.		30/- per 100	18/- per doz. 125/- per 100
PLUMBAGO			
<i>capensis</i> . Lovely blue-flowered hedge plant. Rooted cuttings ex open ground.		50/- per 100	
PYRACANTHA			
<i>angustifolia</i> . Vigorous and thorny, orange berries.		30/- per 100	
<i>coccinea</i> . Makes a good thorny hedge or screen, scarlet berries.		30/- per 100	
SALVIA			
<i>Greggii</i> . The fastest growing flowering hedge. Grows up to 4 ft. in one season, requires frequent clipping to keep tidy.		40/- per 100	
T. TECOMARIA			
<i>capensis</i> (Kaffir Honeysuckle). Fast grower, orange-red flowers.		30/- per 100	

STARKE-AYRES for Fertilizers

HEDGE PLANTS-continued

For Dwarf Hedges or Edging

		Prices	
		In Trays (Approx. 25 plants per tray)	In 2 lb. Tins
ALTENANTHERA			
<i>amabilis</i> .	Pretty soft-wooded plant for very dwarf edging. Red and green foliage.	25/- per 100	
BUXUS			
<i>sempervirens</i> (Box).	Slow-growing, neat evergreen.	50/- per 100	
FELICIA			
<i>aethiopica</i> .	Pretty blue flowers. If regularly clipped will flower 3 or 4 times a year.	25/- per 100	
JUNIPERUS			
<i>communis</i> .	Makes a splendid handy dwarf hedge, greyish prickly foliage.	50/- per 100	
LAVENDULA			
<i>English Lavender</i> .	Silvery foliage, sweet-scented lilac flowers.	60/- per 100	18/- per doz. 125/- per 100

KITCHEN GARDEN FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

(For Fruit Trees special list on application.)

	Each	Dozen	100
<i>Artichoke, Globe</i>	3/6	—	—
<i>Artichoke, Jerusalem</i>	1/- per lb.	8/6 per 10 lbs.	—
<i>Asparagus, 3 yr. crowns</i>	—	12/-	65/-
<i>Blackberries</i>	2/-	12/-	—
<i>Booysenberries</i>	2/6	15/-	—
<i>Cape Gooseberry</i>	—	1/6	10/-
<i>Carissa, in 8 lb. tins</i>	5/6	—	—
<i>Chives</i>	—	1/6	—
<i>Grenadillas</i>	2/3 & 3/6	—	—
<i>Guavas</i>	3/6 & 5/6	—	—
<i>Guava, Chinese</i>	3/6 & 5/6	—	—
<i>Horseradish</i>	1/6	12/-	—
<i>Loganberries</i>	2/-	12/-	—
<i>Loquats (in tins)</i>	3/6 & 5/6	—	—
<i>Paw Paw (in tins)</i>	3/6 & 5/6	—	—
<i>Pomegranates</i>	3/6 & 5/6	—	—
<i>Raspberries</i>	2/-	12/-	—
<i>Rhubarb</i>	1/6	15/-	—
<i>Schallots</i>	—	1/6	10/-
<i>Strawberries</i>	—	4/6	15/-
<i>Walnut</i>	7/6 to 15/-	—	—
<i>Youngberries</i>	2/-	12/-	—

HERBS

	Each	Dozen	100
<i>Mint</i>	—	4/6	—
<i>Sage (in single tins)</i>	1/6	—	—
<i>Thyme (in single tins)</i>	1/6	—	—

Write for special Fruit Tree list

PERENNIAL PLANTS FOR BORDERS AND BEDDING

Starred varieties are herbaceous plants available May to October, except where stated. All others are evergreen, usually available throughout the year.

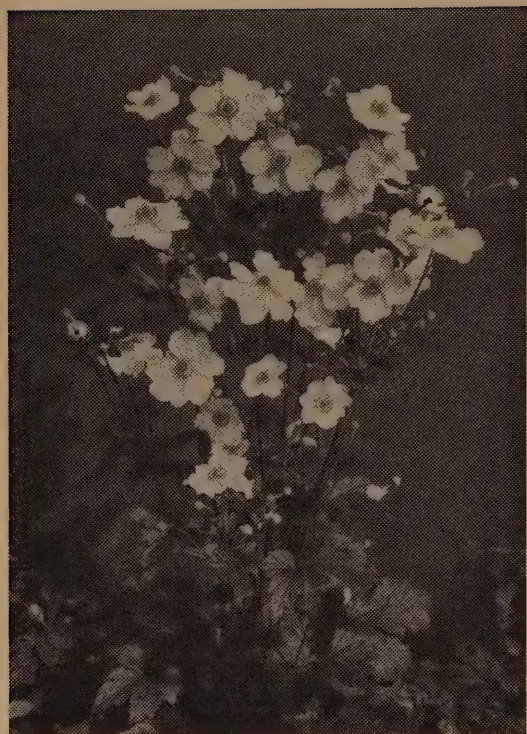
	Each	Dozen	100
ACANTHUS			
<i>mollis latifolius</i> . 4-5 ft. Bold serrated leaves and tall spikes of purplish-red flowers. Said to have inspired the Corinthian style of architecture.	3/6	—	—
• ACHILLEA (Millfoil)			
<i>eupatorium Gold Plate</i> . Large umbels of deep yellow flowers on 3-ft. stems.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>millefolia Crimson Monarch</i> . 2 ft. Compact heads of cerise pink flowers.	1/-	7/6	—
AGAPANTHUS			
<i>longispathus</i> . 2½ ft. Pale Blue.	1/3	9/-	50/-
<i>mooreanus</i> . 1-1½ ft. Pale Blue.	2/-	18/-	—
<i>umbellatus</i> . 3-4 ft. Blue.	1/3	9/-	50/-
<i>umbellatus albus</i> . 3-4 ft. White.	1/3	9/-	50/-
ALSTROEMERIA —See special Bulb List.			
ALTENANTHERA			
<i>amabilis</i> . Pretty dwarf edging plant with red and green foliage.	—	4/6	25/-
• ANCHUSA			
<i>italica</i> . 5 ft. Immense sprays of dark blue flowers.	1/3	9/-	—
• ANEMONE			
<i>japonica</i> (Wind Flower). 3-4 ft. Pink or white. (In single tins 2/- each, 18/- doz.).	1/-	7/6	45/-
ANIGOZANTHUS			
<i>Manglesii</i> (Kangaroo Paw). 5 ft. An interesting and decorative plant from Australia. Red and green tubular flowers on long stems in summer.	3/6	—	—
• ASTER (Michaelmas Daisy)			
<i>Arctic</i> . 3 ft. Large flowers, dazzling white.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Blandie</i> . 2 ft. White.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Chas. Wilson</i> . 3 ft. Deep rose-pink.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Climax</i> . 4 ft. Pale blue-mauve.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Cordifolius</i> . 4 ft. Tall sprays of tiny mauve-blue flowers.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Maidenhood</i> . 4 ft. Tiny white, starry flowers.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Peace</i> . 3 ft. Very large, soft rosy mauve.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Plenty</i> . 3 ft. Large flowers semi-double, soft lavender blue.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Prosperity</i> . 4 ft. Rich rosy-carmine, large semi-double.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Red Rover</i> . 3 ft. Deep rosy-red.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>The Archbishop</i> . 3 ft. Large deep purple-blue.	1/6	12/-	—
<i>The Bishop</i> . 3 ft. Purple lilac, semi-double.	1/6	12/-	—
<i>The Cardinal</i> . 3½ ft. Rich deep rose.	1/6	12/-	—
<i>The Dean</i> . 4 ft. Rich carmine.	1/6	12/-	—
<i>The Sexton</i> . 4 ft. Rosy-mauve.	1/6	12/-	—
ARISTEA			
<i>capitata</i> . 3 ft. A native plant of the Iris family having corymbs of rich blue flowers.	1/3	9/-	—
BARBERTON DAISY —See Gerbera.			
BILLBERGIA			
<i>nutans</i> (Vierkleur). A quaint plant bearing tassel-like flowers of blue, green, red and gold.	2/6	—	—
* BOCCONIA			
<i>cordata</i> (Plume Poppy). 6 ft. Bold greyish-green foliage surmounted by plumes of red seed pods.	3/6	—	—

Perennial Plants—continued

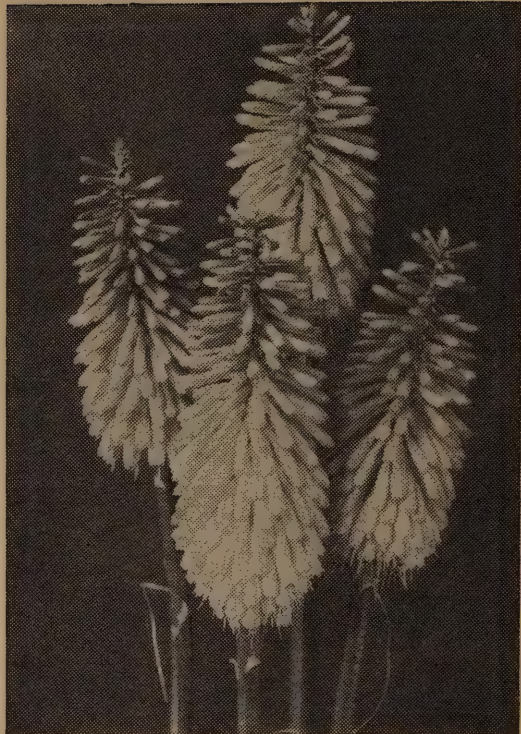
	Each	Dozen	100
CANNA			
Dwarf varieties, 3-4 ft.:			
Antonie Witzer	1/3	9/-	60/-
Cupid	1/3	9/-	60/-
Wendland	1/3	9/-	60/-
Medium, 4-5 ft.:			
Apricot King	1/3	9/-	60/-
Bridesmaid			
Firebird	1/3	9/-	60/-
Flag of Truce.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Gold Bird.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Golden Gate.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Harlequin.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Hungaria.	1/3	9/-	60/-
King Humbert.	1/3	9/-	60/-
King Midas.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Mrs. A. E. Conrad.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Oscar Danneker.	1/3	9/-	60/-
The Gem.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Tall, over 5 ft.:			
Druid Hill.	1/3	9/-	60/-
J. B. v.d. Schoot.	1/3	9/-	60/-
King of the Scarlets.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Louis Cayeux.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Prince of Orange.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Wyoming.	1/3	9/-	60/-
Mixed Cannas for massing			
	7/6 dozen,	50/-	100, 150/- 1,000.

	Each	Dozen	100
*CERATOSTIGMA <i>plumbaginoides</i> . 6 ins. Dwarf, spreading habit, covered in summer with masses of cobalt-blue flowers. In single tins.	2/6	24/-	—
CHELONE <i>barbata</i> . 2 ft. Tall spikes of scarlet Penstemon-like flowers.	1/-	7/6	—
CHRYSANTHEMUM <i>frutescens</i> (Marguerite). 2-2½ ft. Shrubby plants with pale mauve, yellow or white daisy flowers. In single tins.	2/6	24/-	—
*maximum (Shasta Daisy): <i>Ester Read</i> . 2 ft. Very fine double white.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Gorgeous Gussie</i> . 3 ft. A fine new variety raised by a local grower. Large flowers with dense frilly petals and a large golden disc.	2/6	24/-	—
<i>Horace Read</i> . 2½ ft. Double white flowering later than <i>Ester Read</i> .	1/-	7/6	—
<i>Mayfield Giant</i> . 3 ft. Large single white.	1/-	7/6	—
CINERARIA <i>maritima</i> . 1 ft. Broad silvery-white foliage excellent for mixed borders or the rockery. In single tins.	2/-	18/-	—
CYPERUS <i>papyrus</i> (Egyptian Paper plant). Reed-like, tufted, 6-ft. stems, for waterside position.	2/6	—	—
DIERAMA <i>pendulum</i> (Wand Flower). 3 ft. Graceful stems bearing sprays of rosy-mauve bells. (Sometimes known erroneously as Harebells).	1/3	9/-	—
*ECHINACEA <i>purpurea</i> (Pink Rudbeckia). 3 ft. Deep pink 3 in. wide flowers with a distinct cone.	1/3	9/-	—
ERIGERON <i>mucronatus</i> . 6 ins. The creeping pink and white daisy, for rockeries or crazy paving. In single tins, 1/6 each.	1/-	7/6	—

See page 38 for indigenous plants



Anemone Japonica



Kniphofia



Michaelmas Daisy



Alstroemeria

Perennial Plants—continued

	Each	Dozen	100
ERYNGIUM.			
<i>planum</i> (Sea Holly). Metallic blue, thistle-like flowers in sprays on 3 ft. stems.	1/-	7/6	—
FELICIA			
<i>aethiopica</i> . 12 ins. Fine edging plant, semi-double, bright blue flowers. Can be clipped.	4/6	25/-	—
GAZANIA			
<i>sp.</i> Spreading low-growing plant, very floriferous in Spring. Yellow or orange varieties.	4/6	25/-	—
<i>pinnata</i> . More compact than the preceeding, with red flowers.	4/6	25/-	—
<i>uniflora</i> . Trailing form for rockeries, grey foliage and small yellow flowers.	4/6	25/-	—
GERANIUM —See Pelargonium.			
GERBERA (Barberton Daisy)			
<i>Double Hybrids</i> . Mixed colours, large double flowers on strong stems.	2/6	30/-	—
<i>Jamesonii Hybrids</i> . A beautiful range of mixed colours.	—	15/-	85/-
GYPSOPHILA			
<i>Oldhamiana</i> . 3 ft. Perennial pink. Fine for decoration.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>paniculata</i> . Masses of tiny white flowers.	1/-	7/6	—
GYNERIUM			
<i>argenteum</i> (Pampas Grass). 6 ft. Large plumes of white feathery flowers. Used dry for decoration.	3/6	—	—
HELENIUM (Sneezewort)			
<i>autumnale Golden Dew</i> . 4 ft. Pure golden-yellow in dense clusters.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>autumnale Riverton Gem</i> . 4 ft. Brilliant red and gold.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>The Bishop</i> . 1½ ft. Large, rich yellow with black centre.	1/-	7/6	—
HELIANTHUS (Perennial Sunflower)			
<i>Miss Mellish</i> . 5 ft. Showy single golden-yellow flowers.	9d.	6/-	—
<i>Marsh Sunflower</i> . 5 ft. Covered in March and April with a mass of small sunflowers having golden rays and reddish-brown disc.	9d.	6/-	—
HEMEROCALLIS (Day Lily)			
<i>aurantiaca major</i> . 3 ft. Rich orange.	1/6	12/-	—
<i>citrina</i> . 3 ft. Large lemon-yellow flowers.	1/6	12/-	—
<i>New American hybrids</i> . 3 ft. Varying shades of red to crimson.	1/6	12/-	—
HEUCHERA (Coral Bells)			
<i>sanguinea</i> . 12 ins. Dainty spikes of crimson, tiny bell-like flowers. In single tins.	2/6	—	—
IRIS			
<i>barbata</i> (Bearded Iris). Write for special list.			
<i>Kaempferi</i> . 3 ft. The clematis-flowered Iris of Japan. Mixed colours.	2/6	24/-	—
<i>monnieri</i> . 4 ft. Rich golden-yellow.	1/6	12/-	—
<i>ochroleuca</i> . 4 ft. Yellow and white.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>siberica Emperor</i> . 2½ ft. Beautiful rich violet-blue.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>siberica Snow Queen</i> . 1½ ft. White.	1/-	7/6	—
<i>stylosa</i> . 9 in. Beautiful mauve-blue, winter flowering.	9d.	4/6	25/-
KNIPHOFIA (Red Hot Poker)			
<i>aloides</i> . 4 ft. Summer-flowering red.	1/6	12/-	—
<i>uvaria</i> . 2½ ft. Yellow.	1/6	12/-	—
<i>zululandii</i> . 4-5 ft. Winter-flowering red.	1/6	12/-	—
LAVENDULA			
<i>dentata</i> . French lavender.	—	10/6	60/-
<i>Walhampton Giant</i> . English lavender.	—	10/6	60/-
Either variety in single tins, 2/6.			

Write for our Seed Catalogue

Perennial Plants—continued

	Each	Dozen	100
MESEMBRYANTHEMUM (Vygie)			
<i>Shrubby varieties:</i>			
<i>amoenum</i> . 3 ft. Magenta.	1/-	6/-	30/-
<i>aureum</i> . 1 ft. Large golden-yellow.	1/-	6/-	30/-
<i>conspicuum</i> . 1 ft. Claret.	1/-	6/-	30/-
<i>glaucum</i> . 1 ft. Yellow.	1/-	6/-	30/-
<i>roseum</i> . 1½ ft. Spreading blush-pink.	1/-	6/-	30/-
<i>specioum</i> . 1-2 ft. Orange or scarlet.	1/-	6/-	30/-
*MICHAELMAS DAISY —See Aster.			
MORAEA			
<i>iridioides</i> . 3 ft. Iris-like plants, flowers are white, touched with blue and yellow.	1/3	10/6	—
NEPETA			
<i>mussini</i> (cat mint). 9-12 ins. Dainty spikes of lavender flowers.	9d.	6/-	—
PELARGONIUM			
<i>peltatum</i> (Ivy-leaf Geranium). Creeping.	1/-	7/6	50/-
<i>Colonel</i> . Porcelain white.	1/-	7/6	50/-
<i>Galilee</i> . Pale pink.	1/-	7/6	50/-
<i>Huntsman</i> . Scarlet.	1/-	7/6	50/-
<i>La France</i> . Mauve.	1/-	7/6	50/-
<i>Mme. Crousse</i> . Double pink.	1/-	7/6	50/-
<i>Mrs. Chas. Turner</i> . Deep rose.	1/-	7/6	50/-
In single tins.	1/6	15/-	—
<i>Regale</i> (Regal or Show Pelargoniums).			
In single tins, 2/6 to 4/6 each.			
Write for list of varieties.			
<i>Zonale</i> (Bush Geraniums).			
Write for special list of varieties.			
PENTSTEMON.			
<i>Blue Gem</i> . 12 ins. An excellent perennial for borders or rockeries.	1/-	7/6	—
In single tins.	2/6	—	—
PERIWINKLE —See Vinca.			
*PHLOX			
<i>decussata</i> (Perennial Phlox).			
<i>Aida</i> . Deep purple.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Caroline van den Berg</i> . Light mauve.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Elizabeth Campbell</i> . Soft salmon-pink.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Europa</i> . White with carmine eye.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Mia Ruys</i> . Pure white, dwarf.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Mrs. Ethel Pritchard</i> . Lilac-mauve.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Riverton Jewel</i> . Mauve-pink with carmine eye.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Rynstroom</i> . Rose-pink.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Saladin</i> . Orange-scarlet, dark red eye.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Spitfire</i> . Salmon-orange.	2/-	15/-	60/-
<i>Mixed</i> .		7/6	35/-
*PHYSOSTEGIA			
<i>virginiana</i> . 3 ft. Mauve heath-like flowers.	9d.	6/-	—
<i>virginiana alba</i> . 2½ ft. White form of the above.	9d.	6/-	—
<i>virginiana vivid</i> . 1½ ft. Rosy-mauve.	9d.	6/-	—
POLIANTHES (Tuberose)			
<i>tuberosa</i> . 2½ ft. Spikes of double white, heavily scented flowers.	1/3	7/6	45/-
ROCHEA			
<i>coccinea</i> (Table Mountain Crassula). 1½ ft. Intense scarlet flowers in Summer.	2/6	—	—
*RUDBECKIA (Cone Flower)			
<i>laciniata</i> . 6 ft. Single yellow flowers with conspicuous conical disc.	9d.	6/-	—
<i>laciniata Golden Glow</i> . 6 ft. Bright golden-yellow double flowers.	9d.	6/-	—

STARKE-AYRES vir Blom- en Groentesaad

Perennial Plants—continued

	Each	Dozen	100
*SALVIA			
<i>azurea</i> . 3 ft. A fine autumn-flowering border plant. Large spikes of lovely sky-blue flowers. In single tins.	1/- 2/6	7/6 —	— —
<i>farinacea</i> . 2 ft. Grey foliage and narrow spikes of pale blue flowers.	9d.	6/-	—
<i>leucantha</i> . 3 ft. Semi-shrubby. Silvery foliage and spikes of rich, purple flowers. In single tins only, 2/6 to 4/6 each.			
SCABIOSA			
<i>columbaria</i> . 1 ft. Mauve, excellent for rockeries.	9d.	6/-	—
*SOLIDAGO (Golden Rod)			
<i>Golden Wings</i> . 4-5 ft. Massive sprays of golden-yellow flowers in autumn	9d.	6/-	—
<i>Goldstrahl</i> . 2 ft. A fine miniature form of the above.	9d.	6/-	—
*SOLIDASTER			
<i>lutea</i> . 2 ft. A recent importation. Masses of yellow, dainty starry flowers.	1/-	7/6	—
STATICE			
<i>latifolia</i> (Fairy Statice). 1½ ft. Dense heads of tiny mauve flowers in Summer.	9d.	6/-	—
<i>perezii</i> (Giant Statice). 3-4 ft. Dark blue. In flower throughout the year when watered. In single tins only.	2/-	18/-	—
<i>rosea</i> . 3 ft. The beautiful pink Statice of the Cape. Almost continuously in bloom. In single tins.	2/6	24/-	—
STRELITZIA			
<i>Reginae</i> (Crane Flower). Remarkable South African plant with broad grey-green leaves and striking flowers resembling a cranes' head, red, blue and gold. 3/6 to 15/- each.			
SUTERA			
<i>grandiflora</i> . 4 ft. A native sub-shrub with lovely soft lavender Phlox-like flowers. In single tins.	2/6	—	—
TUBEROSE —See Polianthes.			
TULBAGHIA			
<i>Violacea</i> . A pretty member of the Allium family. Violet-blue flowers on 12-18 in. stems.	1/-	7/6	—
TYPHA			
<i>capensis</i> (Bulrush). For the waterside. Heads of brown velvety flowers on 4 ft. stems.	9d.	6/-	—
URSINIA			
<i>sericea</i> . Fine silvery foliage. Excellent for the rockery. For best results flowerheads should be cut off before opening. In single tins.	2/6	—	—
VERBASCUM			
<i>Broussa</i> (Silver Spire). 6 ft. The whole plant covered with heavy down-like cotton wool. Bright yellow flowers peeping out from the flower spikes. A noble plant. In single tins.	2/6	—	—
*VERONICA			
<i>longifolia</i> . 2½ ft. Spikes of bright blue flowers.	9d.	6/-	—
VINCA			
<i>major</i> (Periwinkle). A trailer with glossy foliage and blue flowers. Suitable for shade where nothing else will grow.	1/-	7/6	30/-
<i>major elegantissima</i> . Like the above with bright green and gold variegated foliage. In single tins.	2/6	—	—
<i>rosea</i> . A shrubby type with pink or white flowers. Drought resistant. In single tins	2/-	18/-	—
VIOLA (Violet)			
<i>odorata</i> . King Albert. Large dark violet flowers on long stems. Available in Winter only.	—	4/6	25/-



ROOM, CONSERVATORY AND STOEP PLANTS

Also suitable for sheltered positions in warm coastal and sub-tropical areas.

	Each	Dozen
ACALYPHA —See under Shrubs.		
ACHIMENES		
<i>hybrids</i> . Summer flowering trailing plant with purple flowers. The root is tuberous and dormant in Winter. Suitable for hanging baskets.	3/6 to 5/6	—
Dry tubers in Winter.	1/6	15/-
ARDISIA —See under Shrubs.		
ASPARAGUS (Fern)		
<i>plumosus nanus</i> . Leaves in flat, fine sprays, semi-climbing.	2/6 to 7/6	—
<i>Sprengeri</i> . Coarser and more vigorous than the preceding. Making up to 3-ft. sprays of light green graceful foliage.	2/6 to 7/6	—
BEGONIA		
<i>Tuberous rooted</i> . Lovely Summer-flowering pot plants with enormous double flowers in a wide range of colours.	5/6 to 10/6	—
Dry tubers in Winter.	3/6	36/-
<i>semperflorens</i> . Dainty plants easily grown; flowering in Winter and Spring. Red, pink, and white.	3/6 to 5/6	—
<i>Rex</i> . Ornamental foliage plants in a wide range of colours.	5/6 to 15/-	—
<i>Tree or stoep varieties</i> . Growing up to 6 ft. in favoured positions. Handsome leaves and enormous sprays of red or pink flowers.	10/6	—
CHLOROPHYTUM		
<i>capense variegatum</i> . Large arching strap-like leaves variegated cream and green.	5/6	—
CLERODENDRON		
<i>splendens</i> . A magnificent tender climber with masses of scarlet flowers in large corymbs. Hardy in warm coastal areas.	10/6	—
<i>Balfouriae</i> . Flowers which are borne in dense masses are white tipped red. Can also be grown as a shrub.	5/6 to 10/6	—
COLEUS		
<i>Rosebank hybrids</i> . Beautiful variations of coloured foliage, easily grown and lasting over a long period.	2/6 to 7/6	—
CROTON		
Handsome foliage plants with shiny leaves variegated in many colours.	5/6 to 10/6	—
CYCLAMEN		
The most popular and beautiful Winter and Spring-flowering pot plant.		
Flowering-size plants in 5-inch pots.	7/6 to 15/-	—
Seedlings in Spring and Summer.	2/6	24/-
EUCHARIS		
<i>amazonica</i> (Eucharist Lily). A tropical bulb with large white, scented flowers.	3/6	—
FUCHSIA —Write for Special List.		
GESNERA		
<i>hybrids</i> . Summer-flowering tuberous plants with beautifully marked trumpet flowers in scarlet and orange.	5/6	—
GLORIOSA		
<i>superba</i> . A climber from Rhodesia. Lily-like flowers, gold, edged crimson.	3/6	—

← A section of one of our many greenhouses showing a batch of Begonia in flower.

Use "Gro-Rite" for your Pot Plants

Room, Conservatory and Stoep Plants—continued

	Each	Dozen
GLOXINIA Summer flowering tuberous plants bearing large trumpet flowers in red, pink, scarlet, mauve, purple and white. 5/6 to 10/6 Dry tubers in Winter. 3/6		— 36/-
HEDERA <i>helix elegantissima</i> (Variegated Ivy). A very popular climbing plant for modern room or stoep decoration. Leaves variegated green and white. 5/6		—
HOYA <i>carnosa</i> . Strong climber with fleshy leaves and clusters of waxy, pale pink flowers. 7/6		—
HELICONIA (Lobster Claw) <i>braziliensis</i> . 5 ft. Remarkable scarlet claw-like flower spikes; large banana-like leaves. 7/6 <i>brevispatha</i> . 4 ft. Rather smaller than the above; spikes orange-red. 7/6		— —
HYDRANGEA These make beautiful plants for the stoep or conservatory. Write for Special List.		
ISOLOMA <i>hirsuta</i> . Soft, dark green, velvety foliage, and clusters of scarlet tubular flowers. 3/6 to 10/6		—
JACOBINIA <i>sub-erecta</i> . 2 ft. This decorative sub-shrub gained an Award of Merit R.H.S. in 1953. Flowers are borne in erect clusters at ends of shoots and are bright scarlet in colour. Probably hardy in warm coastal areas. 7/6		—
MONSTERA <i>deliciosa</i> . Normally a climber but makes a very decorative pot plant for room decoration. Leaves are large glossy green, perforated and deeply lobed. 10/6		—
PENTAS <i>carnea</i> . 2½ ft. A very pretty half-hardy evergreen shrub with umbels of deep pink tubular flowers. Award of Merit R.H.S. 1953. 5/6 to 7/6		—
PHYLLOCACTUS 2 ft. Flat succulent leaves bearing at their edges Fuchsia-like flowers in red or purple. 7/6 to 10/6		—
PLECTRANTHUS <i>coleoides variegatus</i> . A dwarf ornamental plant with variegated cream and white leaves. 2/6 to 5/6		—
PLECTRANTHUS <i>Bekrii</i> . 2 ft. Hardy, soft-wooded shrub bearing lovely spikes of mauve flowers. 5/6 <i>saccatus</i> . Semi-scandent in habit, Winter flowering, soft rosy mauve flower spikes. 3/6 to 5/6		— —
RIVINIA <i>humilis</i> . A dwarf shrub bearing long clusters of red currant-like fruits. Very decorative. 5/6 to 10/6		—
SAINTPAULIA <i>ionantha</i> . We have recently introduced to South Africa a fine range of new American-raised hybrid varieties, singles and doubles in many shades and colours. Write for Special List and pamphlet on cultivation.		
TRADESCANTIA <i>zebrina</i> . Small creeper of drooping habit. Leaves grey with purple bands, purple beneath. 2/6		—

STARKE-AYRES vir bemestingstowwe



Maidenhair Fern

FERNS

ADIANTUMS (Maidenhair Fern)

We hold good stocks of the best varieties in this genus.
Plants in pots.

Each

3/6 to 10/6

NEPHROLEPIS (Ostrich Feather Fern)

Hilli. This is the best variety of Ostrich Feather Fern for stoep or indoor culture. We grow large quantities and can supply fine plants in pots at

5/6 to 21/-

Skryf om lys van Vrugtebome



POND AND WATERSIDE PLANTS

including those suitable for wet or low-lying positions

TRUE AQUATICS FOR GROWING IN WATER 12 INCHES TO 24 INCHES DEEP

	Prices each
APONOGETON	
<i>distachyon</i> (Water-eintjie). Broad strap-like leaves and scented white flowers floating on the surface.	2/6
AZOLLA	
<i>caroliniana</i> . A small floating plant with curious crisp foliage.	2/6
EICHORNIA	
<i>crassipes</i> (Water Hyacinth). Spikes of beautiful pink hyacinth-like flowers. The leaf stems are curiously bladder-like and the plant floats on the surface.	3/6
LYMNOCHARIS	
<i>Humboldtii</i> (Water Poppy). Single yellow poppy-like flowers.	5/6
MYRIOPHYLLUM	
Submerged, fern-like foliage useful for oxygenating aquaria.	2/6
NELUMBIUM	
<i>speciosum</i> (Sacred Lotus of the Nile). Large rose-pink flowers stand well above the surface. Dormant tubers available in Spring only.	21/-
NYMPHAEA	
(Water Lily). Distinct varieties in pink, red, blue, yellow or white.	10/6
PONTERDERIA	
<i>cordata</i> . Arrow-like leaves and spikes of lavender-blue flowers borne well above the water.	5/-
TYPHA	
<i>capensis</i> (Bullrush).	2/6

Pond and Waterside Plants—continued

WATERSIDE PLANTS FOR PLANTING WHERE ROOTS ARE NOT SUBMERGED

	Prices each
CANNA For descriptions see page 25 in this catalogue.	
CHELONE <i>barbata</i> . Herbaceous perennial with spike of red Pentstemon-like flowers.	1/-
CYPERUS <i>papyrus</i> (Egyptian Paper Reed). Umbrella-like tufts on 6-ft. reed-like stems.	2/6
DIERAMA <i>pendulum</i> (Wand Flower). Graceful stems bearing sprays of rosy-mauve bells.	1/3
HEMEROCALLIS (Day Lily). Handsome perennials with clusters of lily-like flowers on 3-ft. stems. Red, yellow or orange.	1/6
IRIS <i>Kaempferi</i> . Clematis-flowered Iris of Japan.	2/6
<i>Monnieri</i> . Rich golden yellow. 4 ft.	1/6
<i>ochroleuca</i> . Yellow and white. 4 ft.	1/-
<i>siberica Emperor</i> . Rich violet-blue. 2½ ft.	1/-
<i>siberica Snow Queen</i> . White. 1½ ft.	1/-
KNIPHOFIA (Red Hot Poker). <i>aloides</i> . 4 ft. Summer-flowering, red.	1/6
<i>uvaria</i> . 2½ ft. Yellow.	1/6
<i>zululandii</i> . 4-5 ft. Winter-flowering, red.	1/6
PHORMIUM <i>tenax</i> (New Zealand Flax). Wide dark green strap-like leaves up to 6 ft. long. Winter only.	3/6
SOLIDAGO (Golden Rod). <i>Golden Wings</i> . Sprays of golden-yellow flowers in Autumn. 4-5 ft.	9d.
<i>Goldstrahl</i> . A miniature form of Golden Wings. 2 ft.	9d.
ZANTEDESCHIA <i>aethiopica</i> . The Cape White Arum.	9d.
<i>Green-flowered form</i> . A curious and beautiful form with large green and white [spathes.	5/6
BAMBOO <i>Cane</i> . Dark green cane-like stems up to 15 ft.	7/6
<i>Giant</i> . Stems up to 6 inches diameter and 20 ft. high.	7/6
<i>Golden Stemmed</i> . Stout stems up to 20 ft., striped green and gold.	7/6

SOILS AND MANURES

Prepared Garden Soil	12/6 bag (3 bushels)
Prepared Soil for Topdressing Lawns	12/6 bag (3 bushels)
Manure, Stable	8/6 bag (3 bushels)
Sterilised Soil for Pot Plants and Seed Boxes	10/6 bushel
Peat Humus	7/6 bushel

N.B.—The following table will assist you when ordering.

1 Bushel	equals 2 Paraffin Tins.
1 Bag	equals 3 Bushels.
1 Cubic Yard	equals 7 Bags or 21 Bushels.

LAWN GRASS ROOTS

	Prices
Royal Cape Kweek, 1 pocket plants approx. 200 sq. ft.	15/- pocket
Fine Kweek, 1 sack plants 400 to 500 sq. ft.	12/6 sack
Coarse Kweek or Buffalo Grass, 1 sack plants 400 to 500 sq. ft.	12/6 sack
Kikuyu, 1 sack plants 400 to 500 sq. ft.	12/6 sack
Napier Fodder, for wind-breaks or stock feed	12/6 sack

SUBJECTS FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES

SHRUBS SUITABLE FOR ROCKERIES

Abelia	Acalypha
Barleria Tomentosa	Beloperone guttata
Buddleia lindleyana	Caryopteris clandonensis
Ceratostigma Willmottianum	Chorizema cordata
Coleonema pulchra	Cotoneaster horizontalis
Cotoneaster microphylla	Cuphea
Diplacus glutinosus	Echium candicans
Heliotrope	Lantana Hybrids
Lantana Salviaefolia	Linum trigynum
Ochna atropurpurea	Phygelius capensis
Podalyria sericea	Proteas
Punica granatum nanum	Raphiolepis
Russellia juncea	Salvia Greggii
Streptosolen Jamesonii	Strobilanthus isophyllus
	Veronica speciosa

PERENNIAL PLANTS SUITABLE FOR ROCKERIES

Acanthus	Achillea
Agapanthus	Altenanthera
Anigozanthus	Aristea
Chrysanthemum frutescens	Chrysanthemum maximum
Dierama pendulum	Erigeron mucronatus
Felicia aethiopica	Gazania
Geranium Ivy Leaf	Geranium Zonale
Gerbera	Gypsophila oldhamiana
Gypsophila paniculata	Hemerocallis
Iris Stylosa	Lavender
Mesembryanthemums	Moraea iridioides
Nepeta mussini	Pelargonium
Rochea coccinea	Scabiosa columbaria
Statice latifolia	Statice Perezii
Sutera grandiflora	Ursinia sericea
	Verbascum silver spire

SHRUBS AND TREES TO WITHSTAND FROST

Acer Negundo	Acer Negundo Variegata
Ailanthus glandulosus	Aloysia citriodora
Amelanchier canadensis	Berberis
Buddleia Charming	Buddleia Ile de France
Buddleia Veitchiana	Buxus Sempervirens
Callicarpa Mollis	Caryopteris clandonensis
Camellia	Cantua buxifolia
Cedrus Deodora	Ceratostigma Willmottiana
Cistus Ladaniferous	Cotoneasters, all species
Crataegus, all species	Cupressus arizonica
Cupressus macrocarpa	Cupressus stricta
Cydonia Japonica	Deutzia
Diervilla	Escallonia
Euonymus	Exochorda
Fabiana	Forsythia
Fraxinus	Fuchsia
Gleditschia	Hibiscus syriacus vars.
Hypericum	Juniperus
Jasminum nudiflorum	Kerria Japonica
Leptospermum	Ligustrum
Liquidamber	Liriodendron
Lonicera nitida	Magnolia deciduous species
Magnolia grandiflora	Nandina domestica
Olea verrucosa	Philadelphus

Subjects for Special Purposes—continued

Phygellus	Pinus insignis
Pittosporum undulatum	Pittosporum tennifolium
Poplars	Prunus, all species
Punica granatum	Pyracantha
Pyrus	Quercus
Raphiolepis	Romneya
Robinia	Rosemary
Salix	Salvia Greggii
Spartium Junceum	Spiraea, all species
Symphoricarpus	Syringa
Tamarix	Thuya
Ulmus	Viburnum opulus sterile
Viburnum tinus	Vitex agnus castus
Yuccas	

CLIMBERS TO WITHSTAND FROST

Akebia quinata	Ficus repens
Hedera helix	Hedera helix variegata
Jasminum officinale	Jasminum stephanense
Lonicera japonica	Polygonum Balduanum
Senecio tamoides	Solanum seaforthianum
Solanum jasminoides	Solys heterophylla
Vitis inconstans	Wistaria

SHRUBS FOR SEASIDE PLANTING

Acacia Podalyriaefolia	Buddleia
Cistus	Coprosma
Cotoneaster Franchetti	Cotoneaster pannosa
Echium	Escallonia
Lantana	Lavender
Leptospermum	Nerium oleander
Pittosporum crassifolium	Rosemary
Spartium junceum	Tamarix
Veronica	Yucca

TREES FOR SEASIDE PLANTING

Acacia Baileyana	Araucaria Cunninghamii
Callistemon	Cooki
Cupressus Macrocarpa	Cupressus arizonica
Melaleuca styphelioides	Hakea laurina
Phoenix canariensis	Metrosideros tomentosa

FLOWER SEEDS

VEGETABLE SEEDS

FARM SEEDS

We carry a very extensive range of high quality seeds.
Write for our illustrated catalogue of Seeds, Fertilizers,
Insecticides and Garden Hardware.

STARKE-AYRES

MAIN ROAD • MOWBRAY • CAPE

SELECT LIST OF INDIGENOUS PLANTS

Trees & Shrubs

(For descriptions see under "Trees and Shrubs".)

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME
<i>Acokanthera spectabilis</i>	Winter Sweet; Giftboom
<i>Adhatoda Duvernoia</i>	Pistol Bush
<i>Bauhinia Galpinii</i>	Trots van die Kaap
<i>Burchellia capensis</i>	Buffelschoorn
<i>Buxus macowanii</i>	Cape Box
<i>Calodendron capensis</i>	Cape Chestnut
<i>Callitris robusta</i>	
<i>Carissa grandiflora</i>	Amatungulu; Natal Plum
<i>Celtis Kraussiana</i>	Camdeboo Stinkhout
<i>Coleonema pulcra</i>	
<i>Dais cotinifolius</i>	Kannabast
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i>	
<i>Dombeya Dregeana</i>	Dikbast
<i>Ekebergia capensis</i>	Essehout
<i>Erythrina caffra</i>	Kaffirboom
<i>Gardenia thumbergii</i>	Wilde Katjepiering
<i>Grewia occidentalis</i>	Kruisbessie
<i>Greyia Sutherlandii</i>	Baakhout
<i>Kiggelaria africana</i>	Spekhout
<i>Leonotis leonurus</i>	Lion's Ear; Wilde Dagga
<i>Leucadendron argenteum</i>	Silver Tree
<i>Mackaya bella</i>	
<i>Moschosma riparia</i>	
<i>Ochna atropurpurea</i>	Rodehout
<i>Phygelius capensis</i>	Cape Fuchsia
<i>Plumbago capensis</i>	
<i>Podalyria calypttrata</i>	Ertjebos
<i>Portulacaria</i>	Spekboom; Elephants' Food
<i>Protea</i>	
<i>Smodingium argutum</i>	
<i>Sparmannia africana</i>	Wilde Stokroos
<i>Tecomaria capensis</i>	Kaffir Honeysuckle
<i>Turraea obtusa</i>	
<i>Virgilina oroboides</i>	Keurboom

Climbers

(For descriptions see under "Climbers")

<i>Jasminum glaucum</i>	Jessamine
<i>Jasminum multipartitum</i>	Jessamine
<i>Podranea Brycei</i>	Zimbabwe Creeper
<i>Senecio tamoides</i>	Canary Creeper

Perennial Plants

(For descriptions see under "Perennial Plants for Borders or Bedding".)

<i>Altenanthera amabilis</i>	Wandflower; Harebells
<i>Dierama Pendulum</i>	Schaapbossie
<i>Felicia</i>	Gousblom
<i>Gazania</i>	
<i>Geranium</i>	
<i>Gerbera</i>	Barberton Daisy; Transvaal Daisy
<i>Kniphofia</i>	Red Hot Poker; Soldaat
<i>Moraea</i>	
<i>Pelargonium</i>	
<i>Roechea coccinea</i>	Keizerskrōon; Red Crassula
<i>Strelitzia</i>	Crane Flower; Geel Piesang
<i>Tulbaghia</i>	
<i>Ursinia sericea</i>	

HINTS ON PLANTING TREES AND SHRUBS

Preparation of soil: A few weeks before planting time, the ground should be deeply trenched over the whole site if possible, manure worked in and well mixed with the soil. The depth of digging will depend on the condition of the subsoil, which, if of a hard gravelly nature or ironstone, should be deep enough to break this up to a depth of at least three feet, or preferably right through the hard layer in order to enable the roots to penetrate well down to support the tree from strong winds and drought.

If it is not practical to trench the whole area, deep holes about two feet square should be dug and well manured, depth depending on the condition of the subsoil, as already mentioned.

Planting: When your plants arrive, thoroughly inspect them and if they are in a dry condition, place them in a tub of water for a few hours or give a good soaking if in tins, before attempting to plant. When the holes are prepared and you are ready to plant, commence by filling in a little soil so as to form a mound in the centre of the hole rather than having it saucer-shaped. The idea is to form a cone on which to stand the tree at its right depth and then to fill in more soil; the roots will thereby naturally work in to the right position, sloping downwards and outwards towards the edge of the hole. The soil must be well pressed down—do it by hand, working it well and firmly among the roots. Loose planting is disastrous! If the soil is light and sandy it would be improved by the addition of some good garden mould or clayey loam. This may be put in the hole but, like the manure, it must be well mixed with all the soil. A layer of coarse rubble or any suitable refuse deep down in the bottom of the hole is of much benefit as it helps the drainage and keeps the soil open for root penetration.

Watering: Many people are under a mistaken impression that it is correct to water "little and often." This is quite wrong with Trees and Shrubs and is invariably the cause of the very thing to be avoided, namely, *surface rooting*, which leaves the tree at the mercy of strong winds, often resulting in a "casualty." What is needed is a soaking not less than once a week in dry weather, sufficient for an adequate supply of water to filter right down to the lowest roots. After you have given the plant such a soaking the top soil will tend to form a hard crust after two or three days; do not leave it so, a ditch hoe or cultivator will soon break this up and will enable the air to penetrate and sweeten the soil.

General Observations: For tall trees required for overhead shade, a strong stake at least six feet in length should be provided and securely fastened to the stem to prevent movement by strong winds. The stem should be clean of all side growth for at least six feet before being allowed to produce laterals to form a good "head."

Shrubs, unless grown as "Standards," that is, on a single stem, with a "head" at the top as in tree form, can be allowed to grow naturally with lateral growths from the ground level and later controlled to a desired shape or size by careful pruning.

Some of these subjects are suitable for growing as formal hedges and are listed under that heading. They should be of a naturally branching habit and allow of clipping. Hedges should not be planted too closely and only in a double row if required for a wind-break where space is not an essential consideration. For this purpose a tree of pyramidal growth should be chosen if possible and allowed to grow naturally.

Clipped hedges should be shaped like an inverted letter "U" thus  and not in the form of a V, as the latter method prevents the base of the hedge from getting light which eventually becomes bare of foliage. Also, avoid planting too close to the boundary fence or palings as this has the same effect, only more so.

As most of the deciduous trees and shrubs can only be moved from the open ground during winter, we have listed the different varieties under two distinct headings: (1) those that are available for delivery in Tins at any time of the year, and, (2) those ex open ground which can only be delivered between May-September, so that you can calculate the right time to order from each category.

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SPECIAL LISTS

During the year we issue special lists of the following subjects and invite you to write for any which you may require. These lists are issued a short while before the planting seasons but copies are usually available throughout the year.

Subject	Planting Season	List Issued
<i>Bulbs</i> , General Bulb List	January—March	December
<i>Carnations</i> , American tree varieties	April—September	March
<i>Chrysanthemums</i>	October—November	September
<i>Dahlia Tubers and Greenplants</i>	September—December	April
<i>Fruit Trees</i> , Deciduous and Citrus	July—August	April
<i>Fuchsia</i>	All the year	March
<i>Gladiolus Bulbs—</i>		
for Spring planting	June—October	June
imported bulbs	November—January	November
<i>Hydrangeas</i>	All the year	April
<i>Iris</i> , Bearded varieties	May—August	April
<i>Rose Trees</i>	June—August	April
<i>St. Paulia</i> (African Violets)	All the year	March

HANDELSVOORWAARDES

PRYSE

Die pryse hierin aangegee is vir goed-verboude, sterk plante. Die gemelde pryse is nie bindend nie en is onderhewig aan oes en/of indien in voorraad met ontvangs van bestelling. Hierdie uitgawe deurhaal alle vorige pryse vir goedere hierin gemeld.

VERPAKKING

Ons verskaf verpakking teen kosprys. Ons verpakking is voldoende vir versending per spoor of per pos, maar ons kan nie verantwoordelik gehou word vir beskadiging gedurende vervoer of te wyte aan oponthoud van vervoer nie.

VERVANG VAN VARIËTEITE

Wanneer ons nie die presiese gevraagde soort kan voorsien nie, vervang ons dit met 'n ander variëteit wat volgens ons mening die geskikste is. Die vervangende variëteite word gestuur vir u goedkeuring, en, alhoewel ons hoop dat u sal saamstem met ons optrede ten behoeve van u belange, is u nogtans vry om enige sulke goedere terug te stuur en ons sal u krediet toestaan vir die volle waarde daarvan.

BESTELLINGS

Alle bestellings moet aan ons Hoofkantoor, Hoofweg 13-17, Mowbray, gestuur word. Wanneer u bestel meld asseblief duidelik u naam en adres en, indien die plante per spoor gestuur moet word, u naaste spoorwegstasie.

NOORD-RHODESIË EN NJASSALAND

Klante in hierdie lande het permitte nodig om plante in te voer. Om oponthoud en onnodige briewewisseling te voorkom sal dit waardeer word as die nodige permit eers verkry word en die nommer verskaf word met die bestelling.

AANKOMS VAN PLANTE

As die plante in 'n droë toestand aankom is dit noodsaaklik dat dit eers deurweek moet word en dan toegelaat word om vir 'n tydperk te staan voordat daar gepoog word om dit uit die blikke te haal. Die grond moet vroegtydig gedol word en 'n genoegsame hoeveelheid mis met die grond gemeng word. Die gate moet diep genoeg wees om die plante in hulle normale posisie te kan neem. Wanneer bome geplant word, maak 'n klein ronde heuweltjie in die middel van die gat en maak die boom daarop staan sodat dit die regte diepte is. Voeg meer grond by en die wortels sal dan vanself in die regte posisie kom. Werk die grond goed en stewig tussen die wortels in en trap dit goed vas. *Dit is noodlottig om los te plant.*

Klimplante moet nie uit die blik gehaal word wanneer dit verplant word nie. Sny net die bodem van die blik uit en plant in die regte plek met die res van die blik sodat die wortels nie beskadig kan word nie.

KORRESPONDENSIE

Korrespondensie sal in Afrikaans of Engels beantwoord word volgens u keuse.

VERKOOPSVORWAARDES

Ons gee geen direkte of indirekte waarborg (en geeneen van ons verteenwoordigers is gemagtig om hierdie voorwaarde te verander nie) met betrekking tot beskrywing, kwaliteit, produktiwiteit of enige ander saak omtrent die saad, bolle of plante wat ons verkoop nie, en ons is op generlei wyse aanspreeklik vir hulle of vir die oes of mislukking van die oes nie. Alle prysopgawes word verstrek en bestellings uitgevoer met dien verstande dat daar met hierdie voorwaardes ingestem word.

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STARKÉ-AYRÉS

KWEKERY-KATALOGUS